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HANDBOOK ENGLISH

A2

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O Introduction

telc English A2 is a standardised examination which measures general language competence at the A2 level of *The Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)* using a task-based, communicative approach. telc offers this examination in two different versions: the general language version telc English A2 and telc English A2 School for young people aged approximately 12 to 17. Their format is identical. The only difference is the choice of topics. Both examinations are part of our extensive programme of English tests.

telc stands for "The European Language Certificates". This means that telc English examinations have been developed according to European standards, but the name also emphasises that English is only one of eleven languages tested by telc.

This handbook aims to describe the objectives of *telc English A2* and *telc English A2 School* as well as the needs of the targeted learner population. It also explains how these were implemented in the development of the test format. telc's claim that this examination is aligned to the CEFR is substantiated using evidence relating both to the examination as a whole and to each individual subtest. The test format, both for receptive and for productive skills, is described in detail, together with the marking criteria and the scoring scheme.

In order to give guidance regarding the kind of vocabulary and grammar on which *telc English A2* and *telc English A2 School* are based, the corresponding lists were collated. The aim of these lists is to help authors of test items and teaching material to select an appropriate level of language. However, they are not suitable as a teaching aid in classes.

This handbook is designed for teachers who wish to prepare their learners for telc English examinations as well as for examiners, test constructors, course book writers, heads of language departments in schools, company personnel officers and all those interested in *telc – language tests* and its contribution to the assessment of language competence.

About telc - language tests

telc – language tests is the name under which telc gGmbH, the non-profit subsidiary of the German Adult Education Association (Deutscher Volkshochschul-Verband, DVV), develops, constructs and distributes over 70 examinations and certificates in, at present, eleven European languages. telc is the only provider in Europe to offer a comprehensive selection of tests following a standard design in such a wide range of languages.

telc cooperates with language course providers in almost twenty European countries. In Germany the Regional Federations of the Adult Education Association and many private language schools are authorised examination centres for *telc – language tests*. The all-encompassing guideline for the telc programme of examinations and our yardstick for quality-orientated testing is *The Common European Framework of Reference for Languages* (CEFR). *telc – language tests* consistently align their examinations to this external reference system (cf. Chapter 1.4 of this handbook).

telc is a member of the Association of Language Testers in Europe (ALTE) and as such is committed to upholding its quality standards. The ALTE has developed a system of auditing its members to ensure that their examinations are of the highest possible quality.

All telc examinations are measured against ALTE's internationally recognised standards. This begins with the careful construction of each test version. Recognised statistical methods are used on tests-in-construction (pre-testing) in order to find out the suitability and level of difficulty of each individual task so as to be able to differentiate between the candidates with the required amount of selectivity.

Once tests-in-construction have turned into tests-in-action, telc continues its close supervision which culminates in the strict administration of the test itself. The objective validity of the rating scale and the evaluation criteria are further essential benchmarks, as is the reliable communication of the results to candidates and examination centres.

This commitment to excellence demonstrates that telc works towards the highest standards in all areas of language learning, teaching and assessment. It promotes the quality of modern communicative foreign language education and supports the Council of Europe's goals of multilingualism and integration, mutual understanding and mobility within Europe.

1 Background Information

1.1 The telc English A2 Examination

The telc English A2 Examination has five parts which are evaluated separately:

- Language Elements
- Listening Comprehension
- Reading Comprehension
- Writing
- Speaking

The Written Examination consists of

Language Elements

Language Elements, part 1

Test Takers are awarded 0.5 points for each item. The maximum number of points for this subtest is 5. Language Elements, part 2

Test Takers are awarded 1 point for each item. The maximum number of points for this subtest is 8.

Listening Comprehension

Listening Comprehension, part 1

Test Takers are awarded 2 points for each item. The maximum number of points for this subtest is 10. Listening Comprehension, part 2

Test Takers are awarded 2 points for each item. The maximum number of points for this subtest is 4. Listening Comprehension, part 3

Test Takers are awarded 2 points for each item. The maximum number of points for this subtest is 10. Test takers are awarded a maximum number of 3 points for part 1 and a maximum number of 12 for both part 2 and part 3.

Reading Comprehension

Reading Comprehension, part 1

Test Takers are awarded 2 points for each item. The maximum number of points for this subtest is 8. Reading Comprehension, part 2

Test Takers are awarded 2 points for each item. The maximum number of points for this subtest is 8. Reading Comprehension, part 3

Test Takers are awarded 2 points for each item. The maximum number of points for this subtest is 8.

Writing

Test takers are awarded a maximum number of 3 points for each one of the 3 guiding points, as well as for the Communicative Design. Therefore, the maximum number of points for this subtest is 12.

The Oral Examination consists of

Speaking

Test takers are awarded a maximum number of 3 points for part 1 and a maximum number of 12 points each for part 2 and part 3. Therefore, the maximum number of points for this subtest is 27.

Marking the subtest Writing

While the task itself is the focus point for the test taker and has to be constructed carefully, it is even more important to have rating criteria that allow standardised evaluation of the candidates' writing competence.

As far as the rating of written performance is concerned, it is necessary to distinguish between appropriateness in regard to content (guiding points) and form (communicative design). Therefore the following marking criteria were established:

Guiding points:

- 3 points are given if the task has been fulfilled completely and the guiding points can be understood.
- 1.5 points are given if the task has been partly fulfilled but with errors in language and content.
- 0 points are given if the task has not been fulfilled or is incomprehensible.

Communicative Design:

- 3 points are given if the communicative design of the text is appropriate for the type of text.
- 1.5 points are given if the communicative design of the text is only partly appropriate (e.g. salutation missing)
- 0 points are given if the communicative design is inappropriate for the type of text.

The chief aim is the assessment of communicative language competence at level A2. Thus, the corresponding descriptors of *The Common European Framework of Reference for Languages* need to be taken into account and spelling and grammar mistakes are only penalised if comprehension is impaired. In order to ensure that raters are well trained to make this kind of decision, it is necessary to qualify them by offering rater training. In the course of this, each prospective rater must demonstrate the ability to assess test takers' performances adequately using the above-mentioned criteria.

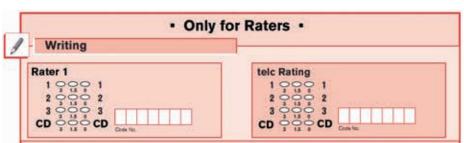
Marking Instructions for A2 WRITING Subtest

Three out of the six guiding points are to be covered appropriately within the given task. Marks are awarded for Task Management and Communicative Design as follows:

| | | Points | The task |
|----|---|--------|--|
| 1 | Task | 3 | has been fulfilled completely and the guiding point can be understood. |
| 2 | Management (for each guiding point) | 1.5 | has been partly fulfilled but with errors in language and content. |
| 3 | | 0 | has not been fulfilled or is incomprehensible. |
| | | Points | The communicative design of the text |
| | Communicative | 3 | is appropriate to the type of text. |
| CD | Design | 1.5 | is only partly appropriate (e.g. salutation missing). |

is inappropriate to the type of text.

A maximum of 12 points may be awarded (4x3=12). Raters enter the marks they have chosen for Task Management and Communicative Design in the Marking Area on page 3 of the Answer Sheet S30, together with their Code Number.



Spelling and grammar mistakes are only penalised if comprehension is impaired. The chief aim is the assessment of communicative language competences at level A2. Thus, the corresponding descriptors of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages need to be taken into account.

Overall Written Production

Design

Can write a series of simple phrases and sentences linked with simple connectors like 'and', 'but' and 'because'. [CEFR, p. 61]

Overall Written Interaction

Can write short, simple formulaic notes relating to matters in areas of immediate need. [CEFR, p. 83]

Notes, Messages & Forms

Can write short, simple notes and messages relating to matters in areas of immediate need. [CEFR, p. 84]

Processing Text

Can copy out short texts in printed or clearly handwritten format. [CEFR, p. 96]

0

General Linguistic Range

Can produce brief everyday expressions in order to satisfy simple needs of a concrete type: personal details, daily routines, wants and needs, requests for information. Can use basic sentence patterns and communicate with memorised phrases, groups of a few words and formulae about themselves and other people, what they do, places, possessions etc. Has a limited repertoire of short memorised phrases covering predictable survival situations; frequent breakdowns and misunderstandings occur in non-routine situations. [CEFR, p. 110]

Grammatical Accuracy

Uses some simple structures correctly, but still systematically makes basic mistakes - for example tends to mix up tenses and forget to mark agreement; nevertheless, it is usually clear what he/she is trying to say. [CEFR, p. 114]

Orthographic Control

Can copy short sentences on everyday subjects - e.g. directions how to get somewhere.

Can write with reasonable phonetic accuracy (but not necessarily fully standard spelling) short words that are in his/her oral vocabulary. [CEFR, p. 118]

Rating Task Management

Of the six guiding points, consider those three which are most successfully covered for your rating. The CEFR A2 descriptors outline linguistic and sociolinguistic competences. If the candidate's text impairs the reader's comprehension in some way, full marks may not be awarded.

Marking the subtest Speaking

Prospective oral examiners undergo an examiner training which covers matters such as how to behave during the examination and how the candidates' performance should be evaluated, using standardised samples. The sample material originated in benchmarking sessions following the method outlined in the Council of Europe's *Manual for Relating Language Examinations to The Common European Framework of Reference for Languages*.

The Three Speaking Tasks

The three oral tasks require a test taker to demonstrate communicative competence in different ways. They include monologues and dialogues and call upon the candidate to converse both with a (near)-native speaker and with another learner of the target language. The language functions concerned include getting to know each other, exchanging information and planning with consensus finding.

As in the Writing subtest, the ensuing complex examining situation must, for the purposes of standardised evaluation, be divided into content-based and language-based appropriateness. The following assessment criteria have been laid down:

Does the candidate make a contribution to the completion of the task?

- A is given if the answer is YES
- B is given if the answer is PARTLY
- C is given if the answer is NO

Is the quality of language adequate?

To answer this second question, both the contribution to the completion of the task, as well as the quality of language, are taken into account.

Oral Examination

The candidates are marked individually. The examiners first assess their performance on the basis of the way the candidate handles the task, as follows:

Does the candidate make a contribution to the completion of the task?

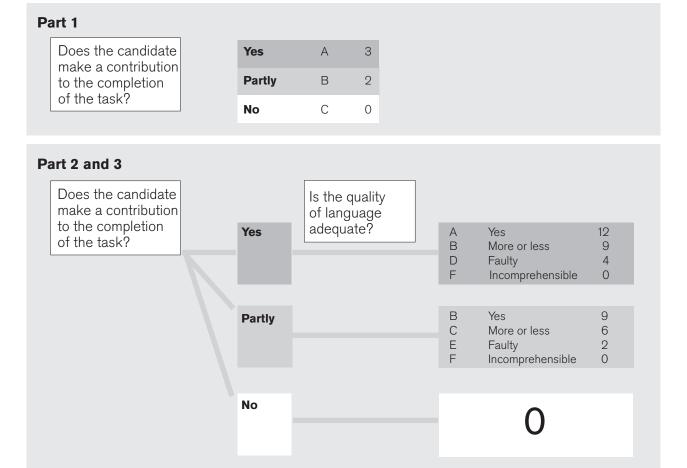
| Yes | A | The task is completed more or less adequately. The candidate shows initiative and makes a positive contribution to the completion of the task, e.g. by asking questions, or making suggestions, and does more than simply respond to the other candidate's utterances. The candidate shows an awareness of the typical phases of the scenario. | |
|--------|---|--|--|
| Partly | В | The task is completed more or less adequately, but the candidate does not very often show initiative, e.g. by occasiona asking questions, and responds simply to the other candidate's utterances. The candidate shows little awareness of th typical phases of the scenario. | |
| No | С | The candidate makes hardly any contribution to the completion of the task. This is achieved almost exclusively by the other candidate. | |

The candidate is then assessed on the basis of the quality of the language used.

Is the quality of language adequate?

| Yes | The language is generally free of errors. There are no problems understanding the candidate. |
|------------------|---|
| More or less | The language contains a number of errors, but there are very few problems understanding the candidate alhough an occasional checking question may be necessary. |
| Faulty | The candidate's performance contains a lot of errors so that communication is very limited. |
| Incomprehensible | The candidate's performance contains so many errors that communication is (almost) impossible. |

Determining the Final Score



As in the Writing subtest, these criteria were developed using the corresponding CEFR scales.

Who can receive a certificate?

In order to pass the examination, the candidate must obtain at least 60 points.

If this requirement is met, the grade is calculated according to the following table:

| 90–100 points | Very Good |
|----------------|--------------|
| 80-89.5 points | Good |
| 70-79.5 points | Satisfactory |
| 60-69.5 points | Pass |

The entire examination can be retaken as many times as the candidate wishes.

Written Examination

| Subtest | Task | Points | Maximum Number of Points | |
|-------------------------|---------|--------|--------------------------------|--|
| Language Elements | | | | |
| Part 1 | 1–10 | 5 | 10 | |
| Part 2 | 11–18 | 8 | 13 | |
| Listening Comprehension | | | | |
| Part 1 | 19–23 | 10 | | |
| Part 2 | 24–25 | 4 | 24 | |
| Part 3 | 26–30 | 10 | | |
| Reading Comprehension | | | | |
| Part 1 | 31–34 | 8 | | |
| Part 2 | 35–38 | 8 | 24 | |
| Part 3 | 39-42 | 8 | | |
| Writing | Writing | | | |
| Guiding Point 1 | | 3 | | |
| Guiding Point 2 | | 3 | 10 | |
| Guiding Point 3 | | 3 | 12 | |
| Communicative Design | | 3 | | |

Oral Examination

| Subtest | Task | Points | Maximum Number of Points |
|--------------------------------------|------|--------|--------------------------------|
| Speaking | | | |
| Part 1 | | 3 | |
| Part 2 | | 12 | 27 |
| Part 3 | | 12 | |
| | | | |
| Sub-Total of the Written Examination | | | 73 |
| Sub-Total of the Oral Examination | | | 27 |
| Total Points | | 100 | |

1.2 Target Audience

telc English A2 and telc English A2 School are intended for adults and young learners who

- wish to demonstrate their current language skills or perhaps demonstrate those which they recollect from their time at school.
- wish to communicate their own experiences in daily life and in their leisure and work-related activities.
- wish to prove that they have the linguistic skills needed to attain an internationally recognised documentation of their achievements.
- wish to show their initiative for additional language learning and personal development.
- wish to certify their language abilities and thereby achieve their personal or professional goals.

Candidates at level A2 can

- understand the most important information in everyday conversations, short announcements on the radio and telephone messages,
- extract the most important information from short newspaper texts, everyday announcements and public signs,
- fill in standard forms in shops, banks, offices, etc.
- write notes related to their own surroundings,
- ask and answer informative questions in conversations about everyday topics and
- agree upon things in daily conversations.

1.3 ALTE Minimum Standards

telc has been a regular member of the **Association of Language Testers in Europe (ALTE)** since 1995. The ALTE standards of excellence are applied to every telc examination. Throughout its development, every test phase is calibrated and monitored according to these criteria.

The minimum standards for establishing quality profiles in ALTE examinations are:

Test construction

- 1. The examination is based on a theoretical construct, e.g. on a model of communicative competence.
- 2. You can describe the purpose and context of use of the examination, and the population for which the examination is appropriate.
- 3. You provide criteria for the selection and training of test constructors and expert judgement is involved both in test construction, and in the review and revision of the examinations.
- 4. Parallel examinations are comparable across different administrations in terms of content, stability, consistency and grade boundaries.
- 5. If you make a claim that the examination is linked to an external reference system (e.g. the *Common European Framework of Reference for Languages*), then you can provide evidence of alignment to this system.

Administration & Logistics

- 6. All centres are selected to administer your examination according to clear, transparent, established procedures, and have access to regulations about how to do so.
- 7. Examination papers are delivered in excellent condition and by secure means of transport to the authorized examination centres. Your examination administration system provides for secure and traceable handling of all examination documents, and confidentiality of all system procedures can be guaranteed.
- 8. The examination administration system has appropriate support systems (e.g. phone hotline, web services etc).
- 9. You adequately protect the security and confidentiality of results and certificates, and data relating to them, in line with current data protection legislation, and candidates are informed of their rights to access this data.
- 10. The examination system provides support for candidates with special needs.

Marking & Grading

- 11. Marking is sufficiently accurate and reliable for the purpose and the type of the examination.
- 12. You can document and explain how marking is carried out and reliability is estimated, and how data regarding achievement of raters of writing and speaking performances is collected and analysed.

Test analysis

13. You collect and analyse data on an adequate and representative sample of candidates and can

- be confident that their achievement is a result of the skills measured in the examination and not influenced by factors like L1, country of origin, gender, age and ethnic origin.
- 14. Item-level data (e.g. for computing the difficulty, discrimination, reliability and standard errors of measurement of the examination) is collected from an adequate sample of candidates and analysed.

Communication with stakeholders

- 15. The examination administration system communicates the results of the examinations to candidates and to examination centres (e.g. schools) promptly and clearly.
- 16. You provide information to stakeholders on the appropriate context, purpose and use of the examination, on its content, and on the overall reliability of the results of the examination.
- 17. You provide suitable information to stakeholders to help them interpret results and use them appropriately.

1.4 Relevant CEFR Scales

The CEFR provides essential information about the skills needed to successfully complete the examinations *telc English A2* and *telc English A2 School*. The scales in the following chart are incorporated into both examinations, although the amount and intensity of their use varies. The CEFR also includes descriptors which are not relevant for the two examinations. These have been omitted from this chart.

GLOBAL SCALE

| Basic User | A2 | Can understand sentences and frequently used expressions related to areas of most immediate relevance (e.g. very basic personal and family information, shopping, local geography, employment). Can communicate in simple and routine tasks requiring a simple and direct exchange of information on familiar and routine matters. Can describe in simple terms aspects of his / her background, immediate environment and matters in areas of immediate need. |
|------------|----|--|
|------------|----|--|

LISTENING

| | OVERALL LISTENING COMPREHENSION |
|----|---|
| A2 | Can understand enough to be able to meet needs of a concrete type provided speech is clearly and slowly articulated. Can understand phrases and expressions related to areas of most immediate priority (e.g. very |
| | basic personal and family information, shopping, local geography, employment) provided speech is clearly and slowly articulated. |

| | UNDERSTANDING CONVERSATION BETWEEN NATIVE SPEAKERS |
|----|--|
| A2 | Can generally identify the topic of discussion around him/her which is conducted slowly and clearly. |

| LISTENING | | LISTENING TO ANNOUNCEMENTS AND INSTRUCTIONS |
|-----------|--|---|
| A | | Can catch the main point in short, clear, simple messages and announcements. Can understand simple directions relating to how to get from X to Y, by foot or public transport. |

LISTENING TO AUDIO MEDIA AND RECORDINGS

A2 Can understand and extract the essential information from short recorded passages dealing with predictable everyday matters which are delivered slowly and clearly.

READING

| | OVERALL READING COMPREHENSION |
|----|--|
| A2 | Can understand short, simple texts on familiar matters of a concrete type which consist of high frequency everyday or job-related language. |
| | Can understand short, simple texts containing the highest frequency vocabulary, including a proportion of shared international vocabulary items. |

READING CORRESPONDENCE

A2 Can understand basic types of standard routine letters and faxes (enquiries, orders, letters of confirmation etc.) on familiar topics.

Can understand short, simple personal letters.

READING FOR ORIENTATION

A2 Can find specific, predictable information in simple everyday material such as advertisements, prospectuses, menus, reference lists and timetables.

Can locate specific information in lists and isolate the information required (e.g. use the "Yellow Pages" to find a service or tradesman).

Can understand everyday signs and notices: in public places, such as streets, restaurants, railway stations; in workplaces, such as directions, instructions, hazard warnings.

READING FOR INFORMATION AND ARGUMENT

A2 Can identify specific information in simpler written material he/she encounters such as letters, brochures and short newspaper articles describing events.

READING INSTRUCTIONS

A2 Can understand regulations, for example safety, when expressed in simple language.

Can understand simple instructions on equipment encountered in everyday life – such as a public telephone.

WRITING

OVERALL WRITTEN PRODUCTION Can write a series of simple phrases and sentences linked with simple connectors like "and", "but" and "because".

OVERALL WRITTEN INTERACTION A2 Can write short, simple formulaic notes relating to matters in areas of immediate need.

ORTHOGRAPHIC CONTROL Can copy short sentences on everyday subjects – e.g. directions how to get somewhere. Can write with reasonable phonetic accuracy (but not necessarily fully standard spelling) short words that are in his / her oral vocabulary.

CREATIVE WRITING A2 Can write about everyday aspects of his / her environment, e.g. people, places, a job or study experience in linked sentences. Can write very short, basic descriptions of events, past activities and personal experiences. Can write a series of simple phrases and sentences about his / her family, living conditions, educational background, present or most recent job. Can write short, simple imaginary biographies and simple poems about people.

SPEAKING

| | OVERALL ORAL PRODUCTION | |
|----|---|--|
| A2 | Can give a simple description or presentation of people, living or working conditions, daily routines, likes / dislikes, etc. as a short series of simple phrases and sentences linked into a list. | |

| | OVERALL SPOKEN INTERACTION |
|----|--|
| A2 | Can interact with reasonable ease in structured situations and short conversations, provided the other person helps if necessary. Can manage simple, routine exchanges without undue effort; can ask and answer questions and exchange ideas and information on familiar topics in predictable everyday situations. Can communicate in simple and routine tasks requiring a simple and direct exchange of information on familiar and routine matters to do with work and free time. Can handle very short social exchanges but is rarely able to understand enough to keep conversation going of his/her |
| | own accord. |

| | PHONOLOGICAL CONTROL | |
|----|--|--|
| A2 | Pronunciation is generally clear enough to be understood despite a noticeable foreign accent, but conversational partners will need to ask for repetition from time to time. | |

UNDERSTANDING A NATIVE SPEAKER INTERLOCUTOR

A2 Can understand enough to manage simple, routine exchanges without undue effort.
Can generally understand clear, standard speech on familiar matters directed at him/her, provided he/she can ask for repetition or reformulation from time to time.

Can understand what is said clearly, slowly and directly to him/her in simple everyday conversation; can be made to understand if the speaker can take the trouble.

CONVERSATION

A2 Can establish social contact: greetings and farewells; introductions; giving thanks.

Can generally understand clear, standard speech on familiar matters directed at him/her, provided he/she can ask for repetition or reformulation from time to time.

Can participate in short conversations in routine contexts on topics of interest.

Can express how he/she feels in simple terms, and express thanks.

Can handle very short social exchanges but is rarely able to understand enough to keep conversation going of his/her own accord, though he/she can be made to understand if the speaker will take the trouble.

Can use simple everyday polite forms of greeting and address

Can make and respond to invitations, suggestions and apologies.

Can say what he / she likes and dislikes.

INFORMAL DISCUSSION (WITH FRIENDS)

A2 Can generally identify the topic of discussion around him/her which is conducted slowly and clearly.

Can discuss what to do in the evening, at the weekend.

Can make and respond to suggestions.

Can agree and disagree with others.

Can discuss everyday practical issues in a simple way when addressed clearly, slowly and directly.

Can discuss what to do, where to go and make arrangements to meet.

GOAL-ORIENTED CO-OPERATION

(e.g. Repairing a car, discussing a document, organising an event)

A2 Can understand enough to manage simple, routine tasks without undue effort, asking very simply for repetition when he/she does not understand.

Can discuss what to do next, making and responding to suggestions, asking for and giving directions.

Can indicate when he / she is following and can be made to understand what is necessary, if the speaker takes the trouble.

Can communicate in simple and routine tasks using simple phrases to ask for and provide things, to get simple information and to discuss what to do next.

INFORMATION EXCHANGE

A2 Can understand enough to manage simple, routine exchanges without undue effort.

Can deal with practical everyday demands: finding out and passing on straightforward factual information.

Can ask and answer questions about habits and routines.

Can ask and answer questions about pastimes and past activities.

Can give and follow simple directions and instructions, e.g. explain how to get somewhere.

Can communicate in simple and routine tasks requiring a simple and direct exchange of information.

Can exchange limited information on familiar and routine operational matters.

Can ask and answer questions about what they do at work and in free time.

Can ask for and give directions referring to a map or plan.

Can ask for and provide personal information.

SUSTAINED MONOLOGUE (DESCRIBING EXPERIENCE)

A2 Can tell a story or describe something in a simple list of points. Can describe everyday aspects of his / her environment, e.g. people, places, a job or study experience.

Can give short, basic descriptions of events and activities.

Can describe plans and arrangements, habits and routines, past activities and personal experiences.

Can use simple descriptive language to make brief statements about and compare objects and possessions.

Can explain what he/she likes or dislikes about something.

Can describe his / her family, living conditions, educational background, present or most recent job.

Can describe people, places and possessions in simple terms.

ADDRESSING AUDIENCES

A2 Can give a short, rehearsed presentation on a topic pertinent to his / her everyday life, briefly give reasons and explanations for opinions, plans and actions.

Can cope with a limited number of straightforward follow-up guestions.

Can give a short, rehearsed, basic presentation on a familiar subject.

Can answer straightforward follow-up questions if he/she can ask for repetition and if some help with the formulation of his/her reply is possible.

ACROSS SKILLS

| | PLANNING | |
|----|--|--|
| A2 | Can recall and rehearse an appropriate set of phrases from his/her repertoire. | |

COMPENSATING

A2 Can use an inadequate word from his/her repertoire and use gestures to clarify what he/she wants to say.

Can identify what he / she means by pointing to it (e.g. "I'd like this, please").

GENERAL LINGUISTIC RANGE

Has a repertoire of basic language which enables him/her to deal with everyday situations with predictable content, though he/she will generally have to compromise the message and search for words.

Can produce brief everyday expressions in order to satisfy simple needs of a concrete type: personal details, daily routines, wants and needs, requests for information.

Can use basic sentence patterns and communicate with memorised phrases, groups of a few words and formulae about themselves and other people, what they do, places, possessions, etc. Has a limited repertoire of short memorised phrases covering predictable survival situations; frequent breakdowns and misunderstandings occur in non-routine situations.

VOCABULARY RANGE

A2 Has sufficient vocabulary to conduct routine, everyday transactions involving familiar situations and topics.

Has a sufficient vocabulary for the expression of basic communicative needs. Has a sufficient vocabulary for coping with simple survival needs.

VOCABULARY CONTROL

A2 Can control a narrow repertoire dealing with concrete everyday needs.

GRAMMATICAL ACCURACY

42 Uses some simple structures correctly, but still systematically makes basic mistakes, e.g. tends to mix up tenses and forgets to mark agreement; nevertheless, it is usually clear what he/she is trying to say.

SOCIOLINGUISTIC APPROPRIATENESS

A2 Can perform and respond to basic language functions, such as information exchange and requests and express opinions and attitudes in a simple way.

Can socialise simply but effectively using the simplest common expressions and following basic routines.

Can handle very short social exchanges, using everyday polite forms of greeting and address. Can make and respond to invitations, apologies, etc.

| | FLEXIBILITY | |
|----|---|--|
| A2 | Can adapt well-rehearsed memorised simple phrases to particular circumstances through limited lexical substitution. | |
| | Can expand learned phrases through simple recombinations of their elements. | |

COHERENCE AND COHESION Can use the most frequently occurring connectors to link simple sentences in order to tell a story or describe something as a simple list of points. Can link groups of words with simple connectors like "and", "but" and "because".

| | SPOKEN FLUENCY | |
|---|----------------|---|
| A | 2 | Can make him/herself understood in short contributions, even though pauses, false starts and reformulation are very evident. |
| | | Can construct phrases on familiar topics with sufficient ease to handle short exchanges, despite very noticeable hesitation and false starts. |

| | TAKING THE FLOOR (TURNTAKING) | |
|----|---|--|
| A2 | Can use simple techniques to start, maintain, or end a short conversation. Can initiate, maintain and close simple, face-to-face conversation. | |
| | Can ask for attention. | |

| | COOPERATING |
|----|--|
| A2 | Can indicate when he/she is following. |

| | ASKING FOR CLARIFICATION | |
|---|--|--|
| A | Can ask very simply for repetition when he / she does not understand. Can ask for clarification about key words or phrases not understood using stock phrases. | |

| | PROCESSING TEXT | |
|----|---|--|
| A2 | Can pick out and reproduce key words and phrases or short sentences from a short text within the learner's limited competence and experience. | |
| | Can copy out short texts in printed or clearly handwritten format. | |

2 Test Specifications

telc *English A2* is an examination that measures language competence at level A2 of *The Common European Framework of Reference for Languages.*

2.1 Overview of the Test Format

There are five subtests:

| Subtest | Time |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Language Elements | 15 minutes |
| Listening Comprehension | Approximately 20 minutes |
| Reading Comprehension | 30 minutes |
| Writing | 15 minutes |
| Speaking | Approximately 10 minutes |

The subtests are divided into parts, as follows:

| Subtest Language Elements | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Part 1 | Filling the blanks of a short text | |
| | 10 multiple-choice items | |
| | Proving language competence in vocabulary and grammar | |
| Part 2 | Filling the blanks of 2 short dialogues | |
| | 4 matching items for each of the 2 dialogues | |
| | Proving language competence in vocabulary and idiomatic dialogue (interactive speech) | |
| Subtest Listening Comprehension | | |
| Part 1 | Understanding 5 short audio texts | |
| | ■ 5 true/false items | |
| | Listening for gist | |
| Part 2 | Understanding 2 short audio texts | |
| | 2 true/false items | |
| | Listening for detail | |
| Part 3 | Understanding 5 short audio texts | |
| | ■ 5 true/false items | |
| | Selective listening | |

Subtest Reading Comprehension Part 1 Understanding the main ideas of 4 newspaper articles 4 matching items Reading for gist Part 2 Understanding detailed information in 2 emails, ads, brochures, instruction manuals, etc. 4 true / false items Reading for detail Part 3 Understanding specific information from press releases and advertising brochures 4 matching items Selective reading **Subtest Writing** Writing a postcard, email or short letter • Choice of 3 out of 6 guiding points **Subtest Speaking** Part 1 Getting to know each other Task sheet with guiding points 1 or 2 examiner questions Part 2 Exchanging information Task sheet with suggested topics Ask for and give information on a choice of 7 topics from the task sheet Part 3 Consensus finding Task sheet with guiding points (pictures and topics)

Agree on 2 activities to do together out of the 6 suggested ones

2.2 Details: Language Elements

| Language Elements Part 1 | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Structure | Instructions Text Items (multiple choice) |
| Objective | To assess the candidate's ability to distinguish between correct and incorrect vocabulary use, grammatical structures and parts of speech |
| Intended operations | Test the knowledge of vocabulary and grammar |
| Type of task | Filling the blanks with one word out of 3 choices |
| Number of items | 10 (items 1-10) |
| Channel | Written |
| Nature of information | A short letter or an email about everyday situations, past experiences, vacations, etc. |
| Test items | The items test vocabulary and grammar knowledge at level A2. |
| | Each multiple-choice item offers 3 options. |
| | The 3 options must be possible and existing forms, although only one option is correct. |
| | The 3 options must be listed in alphabetical order. |
| | The first blank should not appear in the first words of the text and the following blanks should not be too close together. This is to allow the candidate to identify the situation and follow the logic of the text. |
| | There should be an even distribution of gaps throughout the text. |
| | Each option must be used only once. |
| | Two successive items must be independent from each other to avoid interdependent mistakes. |
| Item length | 3 options of 1-3 words each |
| Topics | See Inventory T – Topics |
| Lexical range | See Inventory V – Vocabulary |
| Level | The language in the text and items must be at level A2 |
| Evaluation | Answer key |
| Weighting | 0.5 points per item |

| Language Elements Part 2 | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Structure | Instructions Texts Items – all letters should be capitalized in order not to give the candidates extra help. |
| Objective | To assess the candidate's ability to use idiomatic discourse and common colloquialisms (interactive elements of speech). |
| Intended operations | Use interactive elements in everyday conversations |
| Type of task | Matching items choosing 4 options out of the 6 provided (2 options serve as distractors). |
| Number of items | 4 in Text 1 (items 11-14) 4 in Text 2 (items 15-18) |
| Channel | Written |
| Nature of information | The 2 texts involve different scenarios and are preceded by an indication of the situation. Text 1: A dialogue between 2 people (speaker A and B) involving everyday situations Text 2: A dialogue between 2 people (speaker C and D) involving everyday situations, but different from Text 1 |
| Test items | Items and distractors are all existing words and possible solutions, although only 4 are correct in each given text. |
| | Items and distractors are listed in alphabetical order. |
| | Items are not interchangeable and fit in one blank only. |
| | Blanks in the texts are spaced evenly and placed in the lines of only one speaker in each dialogue, i.e., speaker A or B; C or D. These can be found in any part of the sentence. |
| Item length | 1–3 words |
| Topics | See Inventory T – Topics |
| Lexical range | See Inventory V – Vocabulary |
| Level | The language in the text and items must be at level A2 |
| Evaluation | Answer key |
| Weighting | 1 point per item |

2.3 Details: Listening Comprehension

| Listening Comprehension Part 1 | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Structure | Instructions Audio texts Items |
| Objective | To assess the candidate's ability to understand the gist of 5 statements made by different speakers on a given topic |
| Intended operations | Listening for gist |
| Type of task | True/false items, one item per text |
| Number of items | 5 (items 19-23) |
| Channel | Text: spoken Instructions and items: written |
| Type of text | Monologues relating to oneself, one's family, or a general situation |
| Nature of information | Personal or other peoples' opinions and / or descriptions of a situation on common-knowledge topics |
| Speaker | A variety of accents from native speakers of English Number of speakers: 1 per audio text Gender/profile: male or female The rate of speech should be clearly articulated and natural sounding, and slightly slower than at more advanced levels. |
| Test items | The candidate listens to 5 short texts. Each text is played twice. For each text there is one item consisting of one statement. The statement is preceded by the first and surname (common names only) and a short description of the speaker such as his / her profession, using words at the A2 level. The task is to assess the statement as true or false and mark it on the answer sheet with a PLUS (+) for true or a MINUS (-) for false. |
| Item length | Short description of the speaker: approximately 3 words Statement: approximately 8-12 words |
| Topics | See Inventory T – Topics |
| Lexical Range | See Inventory V – Vocabulary |
| Level | Vocabulary and grammar of the audio texts should be mostly at level A2. The items must be at level A2. |
| Evaluation | Answer key |
| Weighting | 2 points per item |

| Listening Comprehension Part 2 | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Structure | Instructions Audio texts Items |
| Objective | To assess the candidate's ability to understand specific information in voicemail messages, short public announcements or broadcasts |
| Intended operations | Listening for detail |
| Type of task | True / false items, one item per text |
| Number of items | 2 (items 24–25) |
| Channel | Text: spoken Instructions and items: written |
| Type of text | 2 different types of text, e.g., one voicemail message and one excerpt from a radio program. |
| Nature of information | Excerpts from radio broadcasts on news, commercials, upcoming events, etc. |
| Speaker | A variety of accents from native speakers of English Number of speakers: 1 per text Gender/profile: male or female |
| Test items | The candidate listens to 2 short texts. Each text is played twice. |
| | For each voice mail, broadcast or announcement there is one item consisting of a statement. |
| | Each text is contextualized with a brief description of either the type of text, the content, or the speaker. |
| | The description is placed immediately before the statement. |
| | The task is to assess the statement as true or false and mark it on the answer sheet with a PLUS (+) for true or a MINUS (-) for false. |
| Item length | Contextualization of text: approximately 2-6 words Statement: approximately 8-12 words |
| Topics | See Inventory T – Topics |
| Lexical Range | See Inventory V – Vocabulary |
| Level | Vocabulary and grammar of the audio texts should be mostly at level A2. The items must be at level A2. |
| Evaluation | Answer key |
| Weighting | 2 points per item |

| Listening Comprehens Part 3 | sion |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Structure | Instructions Audio texts Items |
| Objective | To assess the candidate's ability to understand specific details of a spoken message |
| Intended operations | Selective listening |
| Type of task | 5 true/false items, one item per text |
| Number of items | 5 (items 26-30) |
| Channel | Text: spoken Instructions and items: written |
| Type of text | Announcements, also over a public loudspeaker or radio broadcasts |
| Nature of information | Public announcements at a train station, in a shop, at the airport, etc. Radiobroadcasts on upcoming events, commercials or weather forecasts |
| Speaker | A variety of accents from native speakers of English Number of speakers: 1 per announcement Gender/profile: male or female |
| Test items | The candidate hears 5 short texts. Each text is played twice. |
| | For each text there is one item consisting of a statement. |
| | Each statement is preceded by a brief contextualization, such as "You are at and you want to", followed by "you hear the following" or "you get the following information". The task is to assess the statement as true or false and mark it on the answer sheet with a PLUS (+) for true or a MINUS (-) for false. |
| | There should be 1–2 implicit contextualization statements and 3–4 explicit contextualization statements. |
| Item length | Contextualization: 10-15 words Statement: approximately 8-12 words |
| Topics | See Inventory T – Topics |
| Lexical Range | See Inventory V – Vocabulary |
| Level | Vocabulary and grammar of the audio texts should be mostly at level A2. The items must be at level A2. |
| Evaluation | Answer key |
| Weighting | 2 points per item |

2.4 Details: Reading Comprehension

| Reading Comprehension Part 1 | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Structure | Instructions Headlines Texts (Items) |
| Objective | To assess the candidate's ability to understand the main ideas contained in a text |
| Intended operations | Reading for gist |
| Type of task | Matching the headline with the appropriate text, choosing 4 headlines out of the 8 provided (four headlines serve as distractors) |
| Number of items | Four (items 31–34) |
| Channel | Written |
| Type of text | Short articles or excerpts from newspapers and magazines. The texts in Part 1 should be about four different topics. There should be two headlines per topic. |
| Nature of information | People and places, sports and cultural events |
| Test items | The 8 headlines reflect the style of a newspaper headline and are listed in alphabetical order. |
| | The 4 correct headlines must summarize the main information of the corresponding articles or excerpts. |
| | The 4 distractors are clearly wrong, yet they should appear plausible, i.e. they should not be clearly out of context or impossible. |
| Headline length | 3–8 words |
| Topics | See Inventory T - Topics |
| Lexical Range | See Inventory V – Vocabulary |
| Level | Vocabulary and grammar of the articles / excerpts should be mostly at level A2. The items must be at level A2. |
| Evaluation | Answer key |
| Weighting | 2 points per item |

| Reading Comprehens Part 2 | ion |
|------------------------------|--|
| Structure | Instructions Texts Items |
| Objective | To assess the candidate's ability to understand specific information contained in 2 different types of texts |
| Intended operations | Reading for detail |
| Type of task | True / false items, 2 items per text |
| Number of items | 2 for text 1 (items 35-36), 2 for text 2 (items 37-38) |
| Channel | Written |
| Type of text | Text 1: has the form of an email; Text 2: is formulated as an instruction, tip or recommendation. |
| Nature of information | Text 1: is written in a personal, semi-formal style; Text 2: is an instruction or recommendation. |
| Test items | Each item consists of one statement, for which a true / false answer requires careful reading of the text. |
| Item length | Approximately 10 words |
| Topics | See Inventory T – Topics |
| Lexical Range | See Inventory V – Vocabulary |
| Level | Vocabulary and grammar of the texts should be mostly at level A2. The items must be at level A2. |
| Evaluation | Answer key |
| Weighting | 2 points per item |

| Reading Comprehension Part 3 | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Structure | Instructions Texts Items |
| Objective | To assess the candidate's ability to scan a text searching for specific information |
| Intended operations | Selective reading |
| Type of task | Matching the item with the appropriate section of the text. The text is divided into 6 sections, 2 of which serve as distractors. |
| Number of items | 4 (items 39-42) |
| Channel | Written |
| Type of text | An approximately page-long text written in a descriptive, formal or semi-formal style, such as texts found in newspapers, magazines, travel brochures, etc. |
| Nature of information | Public entertainment, leisure and tourism activities |
| Test items | The 4 items address the candidate and are personalized invitations to search for specific information in the text. |
| Item length | Between 10 and 15 words |
| Topics | See Inventory T - Topics |
| Lexical Range | See Inventory V – Vocabulary |
| Level | Vocabulary and grammar of the text can exceed level A2. The items must be at level A2. |
| Evaluation | Answer key |
| Weighting | 2 points per item |

2.5 Details: Writing

| Writing | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Structure | Situation Instructions 6 guiding points |
| Objective | To assess the candidate's ability to write a short text |
| Intended operations | Writing a postcard, short letter or email |
| Type of task | Writing a semi-formal or informal postcard, a short letter or an email which is appropriate in content and form |
| Number of writing tasks | One |
| Channel | Written |
| Input text | The task consists of a brief description of the situation, the instructions and 6 guiding points. |
| Nature of information | The candidate is required to provide information on aspects of everyday life e.g., school, work, holidays, etc. |
| Text length | Situation: a maximum of 30 words, i.e. a straightforward and simple situation with few words is desirable. Guiding points: up to 10 words per guiding point, a straightforward and simple situation with few words is desirable. |
| Output text | Candidates are expected to write a postcard, short letter or an email based on the situation described. |
| Output text length | Candidates are encouraged to demonstrate the best of their writing abilities. |
| Topics | See Inventory T – Topics |
| Lexical Range | See Inventory V - Vocabulary |
| Level | The input text should be at level A2 as this is not a reading, but a writing task. |
| Evaluation | Licensed telc raters Marking criteria for Writing (cf. Mock Examination telc English A2) |
| Weighting | Task management: 0, 1.5 or 3 points for each guiding point Communicative Design: 0, 1.5 or 3 points 12 points in total |

2.6 Details: Speaking

| Speaking Part 1 | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Structure | Examiner – candidate interaction Several prompts One or two examiner questions |
| Objective | To assess the candidate's ability to give information about him/herself and to answer follow up questions from the examiner |
| Intended operations | Talking about oneself and answering questions |
| Type of task | Part 1A: Monologue (the candidate briefly introduces him/herself) Part 1B: Dialogue (the candidate responds to examiner questions) |
| Time | Approximately 2 minutes |
| Channel | Written and spoken |
| Part 1A | |
| Input: task sheet | Task sheet with several prompts such as: name, family, where you live, job, hobbies, languages, other ideas |
| | Both candidates receive identical task sheets. |
| | The guiding points listed on the task sheet are designed to help the can- didate; not all of them need to be covered. |
| Task | The candidate should briefly talk about him/herself using the prompts on the task sheet as points of departure. |
| Part 1B | |
| Input: examiner questions | The examiner asks one or two follow-up questions based on the information the candidate has given. |
| Task | The candidate should respond to the question(s) in an appropriate manner. |
| Topics | See Inventory T – Topics |
| Lexical Range | See Inventory V - Vocabulary |
| Level | Prompts and examiner questions must be at level A2. |
| Evaluation | Licensed telc examiners Marking criteria for Speaking (cf. Mock Examination telc English A2) |
| Weighting | 0, 2 or 3 points |

| Speaking Part 2 | |
|---------------------|--|
| Structure | Candidates are tested in pairs Task sheet with 7 prompts Instructions |
| Objective | To assess the candidate's ability to speak to his/her partner, asking for and giving information on the topics provided |
| Intended operations | Talking about experiences based on the prompts contained in the task sheet |
| Type of task | Candidates should not simply ask and answer in turn but should talk to each other about the different topics before moving on to the next one. |
| Time | Approximately 4 minutes |
| Channel | Written and spoken |
| Input: task sheet | Task sheet with 7 prompts. Not all prompts need to be talked about. |
| Task | The candidate should exchange information with his/her partner on several topics. |
| Topics | See Inventory T - Topics |
| Lexical Range | See Inventory V – Vocabulary |
| Level | Topics of prompts should be appropriate for level A2. |
| Evaluation | Licensed telc examiners Marking criteria for Speaking (cf. Mock Examination telc English A2) |
| Weighting | 0, 2, 4, 6, 9 or 12 points |

| Speaking Part 3 | |
|---------------------|--|
| Structure | Candidates are tested in pairs. Situation, task sheet with 6 prompts Instructions |
| Objective | To assess the candidates' ability to plan an activity together |
| Intended operations | Making suggestions, reacting to one's partner's suggestions, asking and answering questions with the intent of coming to an agreement |
| Type of task | Dialogue (the candidates talk to each other) |
| Time | Approximately 4 minutes |
| Channel | Written and spoken |
| Input: task sheet | Task sheet with a brief description of the situation, instructions, six visual prompts (images with captions), and 3 suggested interrogatives. Both candidates receive identical task sheets. |
| Task | The candidates are asked to plan an activity together (e.g. a trip to the zoo), using the prompts on the task sheet. They are supposed to share ideas, make suggestions and react to each other's input. |
| Topics | See Inventory T – Topics |
| Lexical Range | See Inventory V – Vocabulary |
| Level | Topics of prompts must be appropriate for level A2. |
| Evaluation | Licensed telc examiners Marking criteria for Speaking (cf. Mock Examination Telc English A2) |
| Weighting | 0, 2, 4, 6, 9 or 12 points |

3 Inventories

The following inventories – Topics, Grammar and Vocabulary – were primarily designed for test constructors. When selecting texts and test items, they and the editing team take care to include only such materials that are likely to reflect the learners' range of experience, their needs and interests. For classroom work and test preparation, the inventories are meant to provide a basis for orientation.

3.1 Inventory T - Topics

| Topic | Sub-topic |
|----------------------|---|
| Personal information | Name |
| | Address and telephone number |
| | Age, date, and place of birth |
| | Nationality |
| | Physical appearance |
| | Likes and dislikes |
| Friends and family | Personal relationships |
| House and home | Type, size and location of home |
| | House, room and garden |
| | Furniture and household equipment |
| | Pets |
| Food and drink | Meals, dishes, beverages, snacks |
| | Places to eat and drink |
| | Communicating with waiters |
| Shopping | Shops, stores, (super)markets |
| | Prices, sizes, quantities, measurements |
| | Communicating with shop personnel |
| Daily life | Daily routines |
| | Habits |
| | - Clothes |
| Places | Countries and cities |
| | Public spaces and buildings (street, park, stadium, etc.) |
| | Giving directions |
| Education | Communicating with teaching staff, fellow students, etc. |

| Work | Jobs |
|-----------------------------|---|
| | Working hours, conditions of work, pay |
| | Communicating with employers, colleagues, clients, etc. |
| Health | Body |
| The natural environment | Plants, animals |
| | Landscape, countryside, seaside |
| | Weather and climate |
| Media and communications | Press, radio, television, computers, Internet, telephones, multimedia |
| Leisure activities and | Hobbies and interests |
| entertainment | Cultural activities (cinema, music, theatre, etc.) |
| | Sports and games |
| | Public holidays and festivals |
| Travel and holidays | Travelling by road, rail, air or ship |
| | Timetables and connections |
| | Travel arrangements |
| | Accommodation, luggage |
| | Sightseeing |
| | Communicating with travel agents, receptionists, etc. |
| Private and public services | Post office, banks, lost property office, tourist information office |

3.2 Inventory G - Grammar

I Verb Forms A) Infinitive/Base Form 1) with "to" 2) without "to" B) Imperative C) Participles 1) Present Participle a) regular b) irregular 2) Past Participle a) regular b) irregular D) Simple forms 1) Present Tense a) regular b) irregular 2) Past Tense a) regular b) irregular 3) 'll Future 4) Conditional Form E) Perfect Forms 1) Present Perfect F) Progressive Forms 1) Present Progressive 2) "going to" G) Passive Forms

1) Modal Verb Forms 1) Simple Forms a) can b) could c) may d) shall e) should f) would g) must h) need **II Noun Forms** A) Singular/Plural Forms 1) regular 2) irregular B) Singular Forms Only C) Plural Forms Only D) Genitive Forms 1) singular 2) plural E) Concord **III Articles** A) The Definite Article B) The Indefinite Article C) Zero Article **IV Pronouns** A) Personal Pronouns B) Possessive Pronouns 1) Determiners

2) Nominal function

C) Reflexive Pronouns

1) Present Simple

H) Auxiliary Verb Forms

2) Past Simple

1) "be"

3) "do"

2) "have"

- D) Demonstrative Pronouns
 - 1) Determiners
 - 2) Nominal function
- E) Interrogative Pronouns
 - 1) Determiners
 - 2) Nominal function
 - 3) With Prepositions
- F) Relative Pronouns
 - 1) Simple forms
 - a) defining
 - b) non-defining
 - c) zero use
 - 2) With prepositions
- G) Indefinite Pronouns
 - 1) some + compounds
 - 2) any + compounds
 - 3) every + compounds
 - 4) no + compounds
 - 5) none, neither
 - 6) all, both, either, each
 - 7) one
- H) Quantifiers
 - 1) countable
 - 2) uncountable

V Adjectives

- A) Comparison
 - 1) suffix forms
 - a) regular
 - b) irregular
 - 2) Periphrasis
 - 3) (not) as ... as

VI Adverbs

A) Formation from Adjectives

- 1) -ly
- 2) no change
- 3) irregular
- B) Position of Adverbs
 - 1) Adverbs of Frequency
 - 2) Adverbs of Manner
 - 3) Adverbs of Time
 - 4) Adverbs of Place
 - 5) Adverbs of Time and Place
 - 6) Discourse Markers

VII Prepositions

VIII Conjunctions

IX Subordinate Clauses

- A) Nominal Clauses
- B) Relative Clauses
 - 1) defining
 - 2) non-defining
- C) Adverbial Clauses
 - 1) of time
 - 2) of place
 - 3) of purpose
 - 4) of reason or cause
 - 5) of result
 - 6) of condition/concession
- D) Reported Speech
 - 1) Without tense shift
 - 2) Indirect questions
 - 3) Indirect commands

X Sentence Patterns

- A) Subject Verb
 - 1) Pronoun subject

- 2) Noun subject
- 3) Infinitive subject
- 4) Gerund subject
- 5) "There" as subject
- B) Subject Complement
 - 1) "to be"
 - 2) "sounds/feels/...
- C) Subject Verb Direct Object
- D) Subject Verb Direct Object + Indirect Object
 - 1) two pronouns
 - 2) two nouns
 - 3) noun and pronoun (indirect object)
 - 4) noun and pronoun (direct object)
- E) Subject Verb + Infinitive
 - 1) with "to"
 - 2) without "to"
- F) Subject Verb + "ing" Form
- G) Subject Verb + that/wh-Clause
- H) Subject Verb + wh-Phrases
- I) Subject Verb + Direct Object + Infinitive
- J) Adjunct Subject Verb + that/wh-Clause

XI Ellipsis and Substitution

- A) Question Tags
 - 1) Positive Statement Negative Tag
 - 2) Negative Statement Positive Tag
 - 3) Imperatives with Question Tag
 - 4) Positive Statement Positive Tag
- B) Statement Short Question Responses
 - 1) Positive Statement Positive Response
 - Negative Statement Negative Response
- C) So/Neither
- D) So/Not

| 3.3 Inventory | V — Vocabulary | all | We're thinking about all going down to the Chinese restaurant. |
|---------------|--|-------------|--|
| A | | | With this ticket you can travel on all |
| a | What about a nice traditional Sunday Lunch in a pub? | | Dutch, Belgian and Luxembourg railways. |
| an | Somebody phoned for an ambulance. | | There were all sorts of buildings. |
| a bit | He looks a bit pale. | | Is that all? I thought it would cost more than that. |
| a little bit | You melt a little bit of butter and garlic. | | You're lucky in Spain, aren't you? You have good weather all the time. |
| about | And then you walk for about two hundred yards. | at all | That shouldn't be any problem at all. |
| | Have you got any information about | all right | It'll be all right. |
| | these places? | | We can do that later. All right? |
| | What about a nice traditional Sunday Lunch in a pub? | allow | I'm afraid smoking is not allowed here. |
| | We're thinking about all going down to the Chinese restaurant at about | along | We hired a car in Valencia and drove along the Costa Blanca to Alicante. |
| | twelve. How about you? / What about you? | already | When we finally got to the station, the train had already left. |
| above | My parents' flat is just above ours. | alright | Alright then. See you later. |
| accident | He'd had a serious accident and was ill for a long time. | also | I speak fluent German and French and also have a working knowledge of Spanish. |
| across | The store is just across the street. | always | I love the country, I always have. |
| address | I've included her address, phone | a.m. | Breakfast is at 8.00 a.m. |
| | number and e-mail address in case you need to contact her. | ambulance | Somebody phoned for an ambulance. |
| adult | This film is only for adults. | among | When you get among a lot of people |
| advertisement | I am writing in response to your advertisement for a typist. | among | in the centre of town, the best thing to do is to ask again. |
| afraid | Well, that's the smallest size they | and | Help yourself to a knife and fork. |
| | make I'm afraid. | | Turn right and it's about half a mile down on the left-hand side. |
| after | You get used to that after a while. | angry | My father's angry with me because |
| afternoon | Good afternoon. Can I help you? | | I've damaged the car. |
| | We can go there in the afternoon. | animal | He likes all kinds of animals. |
| again | When you get to the traffic lights you turn right again. | anniversary | It's our wedding anniversary tomorrow. |
| against | Many people are against public schools because rich parents can | another | Would you like another drink? |
| | buy private education for their | | I might live for another ten years. |
| | children. | | So we'll buy it from another firm. |
| ago | I was in Amsterdam a fortnight ago. | answer | I got no answer from him. |
| agree | I quite agree. | | He didn't answer any of my |
| air | Let's get some fresh air. | | questions. |
| air | I quite enjoy travelling by air. | any | Have you got any information about these places? |
| airline | I'm not sure I'd ever fly with that airline again. | | Sorry, I haven't got any. |
| airport | She lives right next to the airport. | | I'd also be very interested in any |
| alarm clock | His alarm clock did not ring. | | other material you may have. |

I can't wait any longer. At the traffic lights at the top of the road you turn right. Has anybody/anyone been to see anyone There's a Rent-a-Car firm at the top, they'll be able to help you. anything Is there anything I can do for you? Do you remember Betty Loo, she anywhere She could go to the cinema used to work at our company in anywhere. Spain. anyway Anyway, she went to see him one I've left them at home in my shopping bag. apartment We prefer to have a holiday at all Yes ... sure ... no problem at all. apartment rather than stay in a hotel. Can I do it month by month or do you at once She bought a pound of apples. apple have to pay for it all at once? appointment I have an appointment at three attention Attention, please! o'clock this afternoon. attractive It used to be an attractive area. There are so many lovely places area around the area. aunt She's my favourite aunt. There are a lot of theatres in the away Please do it right away. London area. Don't leave your books on the table. He's broken his arm. arm Put them away. When do we arrive in London? arrive That's about 25 miles away. Astrid would like to arrive on 20th He came while I was away. September and leave early on the 23rd. arrival On our arrival at the airport we В discovered that our hotel was 5 km baby The baby is now five months old. out of town. back I could pay you back in cash. art I'd never get them into a museum to look at modern art. He stood with his back to the wall. article Did you read the article about She sat at the back of the bus. nuclear power in the newspaper this Bring it back when you're done. morning? She goes back on Monday morning. It's not as difficult as it first seemed. as backache I get backache when I have to pick But, as usual, it was nice. up heavy things. I have worked as a receptionist in bad They always have bad dreams when hotels in France and Germany. they watch TV late at night... As I mentioned, it's a girl's party - no I feel bad about it. men welcome! Not bad! as ... as Drive down this road as far as you worse - worst Last year we had the the worst can go. summer I can remember. ask There's something else I wanted to bag I've left my purse at home in my ask you. shopping bag. He asked her for a cigarette. ball She bought a ball for her children to She asked me if I knew of anyone play with. she could stay with. bank Where's the nearest bank? at At the end of the day he is quite tired. bath I want a room with a bath. I'm having a birthday party next I'm going to have a bath. Friday starting at about 8. bathroom The house has three bathrooms. I was pretty upset at the time. batterv I need a new battery for my radio. They are looking into that at the moment.

| be | It just might be a noisy car going past | black | She was wearing a black dress. |
|----------------|--|------------------|---|
| | the window that wakes him up. | block | My girlfriend lives in that block of |
| am | I'm from London. | | flats over there. |
| is | This is beautiful! | blouse | That's a nice blouse you're wearing! |
| are | You're right! | blue | The sky is really blue today. |
| was | This table was made in France. | board | It's £45 for full board. |
| | Last year we were on holiday in | boat | There were lots of boats on the lake. |
| been | Spain. She's never been to Nottingham | boil | I'd like to have a boiled egg for breakfast. |
| | before. | book | I've booked a table for eight |
| | It's a beautiful area where you live. | | What kind of books do you like to |
| | Well, that's a problem then because there's no public transport, I'm afraid. | born | read on holiday? I was born in 1960. |
| become | Food has become much more | borrow | Can I borrow your pencil, please? |
| | expensive in the last few years. | boss | What's the new boss like? |
| became, become | The classification of the distance | both | Both books are good. |
| | They're all in bed by eight-thirty. This house has four bedrooms. | | I like both of them. |
| | Would you like beef or pork? | bottle | We drank two bottles of wine with |
| | I'll go and sit in a bar somewhere and | | our meal last night. |
| | have a beer. | bottom | It's at the bottom of the cupboard. |
| before | I'd never heard that before. | box . | Can you put them in a box, please? |
| | We must get to the store before it | boy | The boys were playing football. |
| | closes. | boyfriend | She had an argument with her boyfriend. |
| | Try to call me before four fifteen. | bread | I prefer continental bread. |
| | There was this big bus or something behind us. | break | Did he break his leg in an accident? |
| | I believe you. | broke, broken | C |
| | Universities should take the best students. | breakfast | We usually have breakfast at eight o'clock. |
| | It's probably better to get your tickets when you're there. | bridge | Cross the bridge, and Farm Lane's on your right. |
| between | The hotel was between the station | bring | Bring it back when you're done. |
| | and the centre of town. | brought, brought | She brought some family photos with |
| bicycle | I bought a new bicycle yesterday. | | her. |
| bike | He went for a ride on his bike. | brochure | Here are some brochures on camping in Britain. |
| big | Cambridge itself is not a very big town. | brother | I could use my brother's car. |
| bill | Can I have the bill, please? | brother-in-law | I can't stand my brother-in-law, he's |
| bird | I could hear the birds singing in the | | so stupid. |
| | garden. | brown | Do you like brown bread? |
| birthday | I'm having a birthday party next Friday starting at about eight o'clock. | build | They want to build a house themselves. |
| | And of course the police officer came and I was a bit shocked. | built, built | This house was built in the nineteenth century. |
| | It is a bit of a problem. | building | There are all sorts of interesting buildings in the area. |
| | That bit there's the bottom. | burn | I've burnt my finger. |

burnt, burnt cancel I'd like to cancel my flight to Belfast, please. We'll just leave the car here and go bus on the bus. cancelled The flight was cancelled for technical reasons. bus station We'll just leave the car here and go car bus stop on the bus. **business** What kind of business is he in? car park We left the car in the car park. busy I'm busy at the moment. card They only accept payment by credit but There used to be a swimming pool at card over the phone. Southpool, but it closed a few years How many Christmas cards do you usually send? butter You cook some garlic in a bit of care I don't care. butter. Have a good trip and take care. That's lovely. Where'd you buy that? buy Be careful! careful **bought** I bought it on holiday in Portugal. careless She was very careless and lost her by We went there by car. They should have the heating on by The only problem we've got is that carry Wednesday. we have to carry all this luggage. They only accept payment by credit case Can you carry my case? card. cash I could pay you back in cash. Put it by the window, would you? cat Do you like cats? It was written by Shakespeare. cent It cost three dollars and ten cents. by the way By the way, have you made any arrangements for your holidays this per cent VAT is 17% at the moment. year? centimetre My son's now at least two Alright then - Bye! centimetres taller than me. bye The Town Hall is right in the centre centre C central The shops are very central. café I'll go and sit in a café somewhere. Thank God we've got central heating! cake Her mum never ever makes cakes. century This house was built in the call In the end we had to call the police. nineteenth century. He's called Jim. certain I'm not certain about that. Try to call me before four fifteen. certainly Yes, certainly. There's a little bottle shop in the city certificate He received a certificate when he called City Wines. completed the course. I'm calling from the Sports Centre. chair The chairs we bought for the dining I'll put those batteries in the other room are really comfortable. camera change Here's your receipt and change. camping We always go camping on holiday. I have to change trains at Derby. Can you tell me how to get to this can It wasn't possible to change rooms. place?. I'd like to change some money. You can't miss it. cheap It's quite cheap actually. Can I have cheese on it? check Could you check the bill, please? Can I park here? check in I need to check in at the airport by Yeah, she can come with me. half past four. Can I help you? cheers Cheers! We took cans of beer to the party. cheese Monterey Jack is an American cheese.

chemist Is there a chemist's near here? I didn't come in because it was so noisy. I paid by cheque. cheque What time will you be coming home? chicken I'll have chicken and chips. When I came out everybody was child When I was a child I used to collect looking at me. stamps. I wouldn't come back and live in a big children They've got three children. town. Fish and chips, please. chips comfortable This chair is very comfortable. chocolate I love chocolate. uncomfortable I find long journeys by car very choose I can't decide. You choose. uncomfortable. I prefer to travel by rail chose, chosen She chose the biggest. complain Although we complained at reception Christmas Christmas Day was quite sunny and we went for a walk. every evening nothing happened. church Do you think she'd like to go to computer Can you work with a computer? church on Sunday morning? concert Do they have concerts on Sundays? cigarette Are you sure you don't want a condition That company offers good working cigarette? conditions. cinema Let's go to the cinema and see the Congratulations! Congratulations! latest James Bond film. connect I'll connect you to Mr Smith. city Paris is a beautiful city. contact Please contact me if you have any class The biggest class has about twenty questions. students. conversation We had quite an interesting Send that first class please. conversation. classroom There are so many people in our cook Do you like cooking? course, we need a larger classroom. How would you like it cooked? clean Can I have a clean cup? cool It was quite cool this morning. Could you clean the windows, You come to a right turn with the corner please? Magpie pub on the corner. clear Everything's quite clear to me now. correct That's not quite correct. The sky was so clear we could see cost What was the cost of the hotel? the hills in the distance. It costs 80 pence. clock His alarm clock did not ring. It's made of cotton. cotton It's nearly eight o'clock. cough You have a nasty cough. close We must get into the supermarket before it closes. could We could have a party with spaghetti. closed Could you tell us the way to the station, please? I think you probably like the sort of clothes clothes I like. All I could see was his face. cloud There wasn't a cloud in the sky. I couldn't come yesterday. **cloudy** It was cloudy at first and sunny later I love the country, I always have. country in the day. Cambridge is in the east of the

coat You need a coat.

coffee Would you like a cup of coffee?

cold It's a cold day.

I've got a terrible cold.

colour That's a lovely colour.

come I saw him coming up the street.

I've just joined a French course for

Do you want cream with your coffee?

Jill went with me of course.

country.

beginners.

ice cream I love ice cream.

course

cream

of course

dictionary credit card Could you give me your credit card I had to look up a couple of words in number? the dictionary. did cup Would you like a cup of coffee? Did they wake up during the night? The cup fell on the floor and broke. die Seven people died in the accident. customer They treat their customers very well. different The two sisters are quite different. difference What's the difference? customs We went straight through customs. cut She cut the cake in half. difficult It wasn't as difficult as it first seemed. dining room The dining room was quite small. D dinner We had dinner at six. damage We will pay for any damage caused. direct You can get a direct flight to London. dance They went to a dance. direction Which direction did she come from? They danced all night. dirty Take your dirty shoes off before you DANGER! danger come in the house. dark She's got dark hair. disappointed I was very disappointed. Her eyes are dark blue. divorced My parents got divorced last year. It's getting dark. We'd better close do Do you know the way to the railway the curtains. station? date Can we change the date to the 30th The best thing to do is to ask again. of May? Do you speak English? daughter My youngest daughter is five years What do you do for a living? How do you do? day You could go to Brugge for the day. That'll do, thank you. dead He was already dead when the ambulance came. So do I. dear Dear Mary, ... doctor I had to go to the doctor's because I wasn't feeling very well. We were all shocked to hear of my death brother's death. dog They've got a dog to protect the house when they're out. decide It's difficult to decide between the two. dollar How much does it cost? Ten dollars. deep The lake's 60 feet deep at this end. door A student came and knocked on my degree He got a good degree at university. double We'd like a double room with shower, It's ten degrees below zero. please. delay There was a delay of ten minutes. doubt There's no doubt about it. delayed The plane was delayed because of Go down here for about half a mile. down He ran down the road. delicious The meal was absolutely delicious. Why don't you lie down for a few dentist I had to go to the dentist's yesterday. minutes? department He works in the Sales Department. He fell down the stairs. department There's a new department store in Shall I turn the heating down? store town. **downstairs** They were running downstairs. departure We waited for over an hour in the departure lounge. dress She was wearing a pink dress at the depend It depends on the weather a bit, doesn't it? get dressed Get dressed! Breakfast's ready. device This is a very useful device. drink He drank ten glasses of beer and now he's drunk.

Would you like another drink?

| drive | Do either of you drive? | | He's not quick enough. |
|---------------|--|-------------|--|
| drove, driven | I took my driving test last week. | | We haven't got enough room in our |
| dry | Tomorrow will be sunny and dry. | | house. |
| | I have to dry my hair before I can go out | entrance | You go out of the front entrance and turn right up Southport Road. |
| hair drier | It's always a good idea to take a hair drier with you on holiday. | even | Even then, it would take me about three months. |
| dull | November's usually a dull month. | | It was never like that years ago, even on a Saturday. |
| during | I never sleep during the day. | | It's too late for dinner now, even if they arrive in the next half hour or so. |
| E | | evening | Good evening. |
| each | They are £49 each. Each of the rooms has colour | | In the evening you could go to the Theatre Royal. |
| | television. | ever | Have you ever been there? |
| ear | My ear's hurting. | | I don't think I'll ever forget it. |
| earache | 9 | every | There's a session on every Sunday night. |
| early | There is an early flight. She woke up early in the morning. | everybody | When I came out everybody was |
| earn | How much do you earn? | | looking at me. |
| east | now mach do you cam: | everyone | Everyone helped to clean up the room after the party, so it didn't take |
| Easter | Easter Monday is a public holiday in | | very long after all. |
| 0004 | England. It's very easy. | everything | Everything was really very funny. |
| easy eat | How about something to eat? | everywhere | Everywhere you go people speak English. |
| ate, eaten | | exactly | The twins look exactly the same. |
| egg | I always have an egg for breakfast at the weekend. | examination | At the end of the school year you will have an examination. |
| electric(al) | That shop sells electrical goods. | example | For example, |
| electricity | The electricity has been turned off. | exchange | We visited Ireland on a school |
| else | What else could she do? | _ | exchange visit. |
| e-mail | Please call, write or e-mail me as | excuse | Excuse me. |
| empty | soon as possible. My glass is empty. Is there any more | exercise | These grammar exercises are difficult. |
| end | wine? There was a sharp bend at the end of | exit | We got out through the exit at the back of the store. |
| ciiu | the village. | expensive | It was quite expensive as well. |
| | When does the show end? | explain | Can you explain it to me? |
| engaged | She's engaged to be married. | eye | Susan's got light blue eyes. |
| | I tried to phone you yesterday, but your phone was always engaged. | F | |
| engine | Tthere's something wrong with the engine. | face | All I could see was his face. |
| engineer | She's an engineer at a British company in France. | factory | The chocolate factory closed a couple of years ago. |
| enjoy | We enjoyed ourselves at the party. | fair | It would be only fair. |
| | I enjoyed the dinner very much. | | She's got fair hair. |
| enough | There's not enough time. | | |

fairly This computer's fairly easy to use, so Have you finished your work? I don't think you'll have any problems. fire There was a fire in the centre of town faithfully Yours faithfully, ... last night. fall Careful, don't fall down the stairs. firm fell. fallen Mary went with me of course in case I fell. first family This friend of mine brought photographs of the family with her. famous She was very famous for her paintings. far As far as you can go. farm They have a small farm in Wales. fast How fast were you going then? fish He's got a fast car. fishing father Her father retired last year. favour Hello Chris ... Could you do me a flat great favour? flight favourite The Beatles are my favourite pop floor feel I'm sure this camera's got no batteries in. It feels extremely light to me. flower I'm feeling quite hungry. No, it was a strange sort of feeling flu feeling walking into that place. ferrv We took the ferry across to France. flv flew, flown A few days later I was picking my few daughter up again from school. fog There were very few people there. foggy field We went for a walk across the fields. follow fill Can you fill my glass, please? food fill in Could you help me to fill in this form? film Why don't I put your film in here? foot find Where can I find a chemist's? He used to find it quite interesting. find out I'm trying to find out where he lives. football fine The weather is fine. for I'm feeling fine. It'll be fine. How are you? We're fine, I'm pleased to say.

Put it there, look, where my finger is.

Do you want to call me at home

My course finishes at the end of

when you've finished?

June.

There's a Rent-a-Car firm at the top of the road. I've seen it made for the first time todav. First go straight down this road. Then take the first left through to the ring road. Jack is his first name. I bought ten first class stamps when I was in town today. We had fish and chips for lunch. My brother loves to go fishing down by the river. Is that a private flat? Have a good flight! We were given separate rooms on completely different floors. The cup fell on the floor and broke. She picked some flowers from the garden. My husband can't go to work this week. He's got the flu. I'm not sure I'd fly with that airline again. There was a lot of fog this morning. We used to cycle down to the river, especially on foggy days. They were all following me. Thank you, especially for the food. It was delicious. Are you on foot or by car? Oh, he's touching my feet. He's about six feet tall. The boys were playing football. I'll just draw it for you. I've seen it made for the first time today. You'll be late for the train. It's the same price for the two of us. Then you walk for about two hundred She'll want to rest for a little while. Yeah, take her for a diet coke somewhere.

finger

finish

| | What if we want to go for a swim? | furniture | She's bought some new furniture for the dining room. |
|----------------------|---|-------------|--|
| | I think it'll be too warm in here for her. | future | Be more careful in future! |
| | We are having fish for dinner today. | | |
| | Thank you for phoning. | G | |
| foreign | So far I've always had foreign cars. | gallon | How many litres are there to a gallon? |
| foreigner | Everyone is a foreigner somewhere. | game | I should like to congratulate you on |
| forget | I shall never forget the time I went to Hungary. | game | the game. |
| forgot, forgotten | I forgot where the village was, but it was very pretty. | garage | I'm just going to the garage to get some petrol. |
| fork | Help yourself to a knife and fork. | | I wish I had a garage for the car. |
| form | They'll send you a form to fill in. | garden | They have a beautiful garden. |
| forward | I look forward to hearing from you as | gas | We've got gas central heating. |
| | soon as possible. | gate | The flight to Frankfurt? Gate 8. |
| free | This is a free country. I got a free ticket. | gentlemen | Ladies and gentlemen, may I please have your attention? |
| fresh | Have some fresh orange juice. | get | How do I get to Kensington Road? |
| | Let's get some fresh air. | have got | Well, I've got the other camera. |
| fridge | We need a new fridge. | have got to | They've got to take on extra work |
| friend | So can you tell us how old your friend is? | get | She only gets upset when she's feeling unwell. |
| friendly | She's a very friendly person. | | We could get the train to Bruges. |
| unfriendly | He spoke to us in a very unfriendly way. | | It's probably better to get your tickets when you're there. |
| from | We were coming back from Hong Kong. | | It might be an idea then to get a programme from the Concert Hall. |
| | I'm not from Chorley. | | When did you get back? |
| | You could get a programme from the Concert Hall. | | He was quite ill, but he's getting better now. |
| | The company closes from the first of | | So, I got up and went to the door. |
| | August to the twenty-second. | get off | Get off the bus at the station. |
| | Love, from | get in | It's quite hard actually to get in. |
| | I'm looking forward to hearing from | get dressed | Get dressed! Breakfast's ready. |
| fund | you. | get married | I'm getting married in the morning. |
| front | I went to the front door. | girl | I'd had a joke with one of the girls, |
| in front of fruit | The station is in front of you. Would you like some fruit juice? | | you know. |
| fry | Fry the garlic and then put the | girlfriend | My son seems to come home with a different girlfriend every week! |
| 6. 1 | mushrooms in the saucepan. | give | Give me that please! |
| fried full | Fried beef in mushroom sauce. The hotel's full this week. | gave, given | They gave us separate rooms on completely different floors. |
| full-time | I normally work full-time, but I've just | glad | Glad to see you. |
| | got a part-time job at the moment. | glass | It's made of glass. |
| fun | We had a lot of fun at the party. | | A big glass of orange juice with lots |
| funny | It was quite funny though with the Christmas cake, wasn't it? | glasses | of ice. She wears glasses when she drives. |

go Drive straight on as far as you can go. grandson Their youngest grandson is called Ken. I can't really say that all this is going to work. grape She loves grapes with cheese. Are you thinking of going back on Yeah, the party was great. great the same train as me tomorrow then? Oh, I want the green one. green Go down there about half a mile. The sky is grey and cloudy today. grey What if we want to go for a swim? around It fell to the ground and broke. I'm going home in a minute. We live on the ground floor. ground floor The pilot says you can go in the A group of children has just arrived. group grow It grows quickly. Well, you can go inside and eat. I grew up in the city. I'm a city boy. grow up You can go into Rivington to see the guest Since when do guests of 2-star museum. hotels get better service? go left You want to go left again down They found a nice little guest house guest house towards Akers. near Halifax. go out Well, Mum and Dad went out so we guide It's a good guide. went to Mary's to sleep. We had a charming guide on our tour. You go out of the entrance and turn go out of right up Southport Road. guided We went on a guided tour of Paris. Yes, it's beautiful. I'd love to go round go round I need a couple of strong guys to guy help me with this furniture. go shopping Pamela likes to go shopping. go to sleep Sarah couldn't go to sleep, and she Н wanted to ring Mum. hair Mary combed her hair, and then she The prices have gone up 3% in the go up went to sleep. last twelve months. **hairdresser** I've got to go to the hairdresser's. gold It's made of gold. haircut I need a haircut. good Good idea! half Go down there about half a mile. It's very nice, it looks very, very good. Yeah, it was about an hour or hour I want it in good order. and a half. Very good. There's something else I It's a half pound of butter. wanted to ask you. ham She made a lovely ham and cheese That's very good. Have a good time. hamburger I'm afraid I just don't like hamburgers. Have a good night. hand He cut his hand. goodbye I'm afraid it's time to say goodbye. Ah, I see, that was in your hand baggage, was it? gram(me) There are about 450 grams to a British pound. handicapped A friend of mine has got a handicapped daughter. grandfather He looks like Willy Carson's grandfather, you know. The flight attendent told us we were happen about to land. Then ... guess what granddad happened. Elsa has never seen her grandmother happy Happy Birthday! grandmother. hard It's quite hard to get in actually. grandma They're trying too hard. grandchildren They've got four grandchildren. grandparents John lives with his grandparents. hardware Computer hardware has become a little less expensive. granddaughter She is one of her granddaughters.

hill hat It's cold outside. You should put a hat Just follow your nose up the hill till you come to the Town Hall. have I just don't have the time. him All sorts of things frighten him, you Right, well you can have breakfast with me. I went up to him afterwards. himself He got himself a drink. We could have a party with spaghetti or beans on toast, couldn't we? hire We hired a car in Valencia and toured I'll have the deep fried mushrooms along the Costa Blance as far as with an Old Timer Burger. Alicante. All I could see was his face. Can I have a second class stamp his please? History was my favourite subject at history She is having a haircut. **had** I had a shower before breakfast. hobby John has got quite a lot of interesting hobbies. have got Well, I've got the other camera. hold Hold the line please. have got to You've got to pay for this one, the other brochures are free of charge. holiday October 3rd is a public holiday in Germany. have to I have to stay near the phone. We had a lovely holiday. he He gave us this map. holidays When do the school holidays begin? head He hurt his head when he fell. home I've left them at home in my shopping headache I've got a terrible headache. bag. healthy She's hardly ever ill. She is very Please come home. healthy. When did you get home last night? hear I didn't hear a thing. hope Oh, it's a long way. I hope you feel fit. heard, heard Well, have never heard that before. Let's go and see Jane's horses. horse heart It broke her heart. hospital She had to stay in hospital for three Tony was saying they should have heating the heating on by Wednesday. hot It should be quite hot inside. heavy Your suitcase is very heavy. hotel Our hotel was 5 km out of town. hello Hello Chris ... Could you do me a great favour? hour Yeah, it was about an hour or hour and a half. help Can I help you? half an hour Lyme Regis is half an hour's run. Mike, help yourself to a knife and quarter of an That takes about quarter of an hour, fork. hour twenty minutes. help!!! house Is that a private house? her Can you see her? housewife You still hear people say: "She's only hers It's hers. a housewife!" herself She wanted to make them herself, how Can you tell me how to get to this but she never really knew how. place? She threw herself in the lake. How would you like it cooked? here Can you come up here for a minute? How fast were you going then? Thank you. Here's your receipt and How do you spell Loescher, is it 50.60.75 change L-O-E-S-C-H-E-R? Here you are. **how far** How far's Brugge from Amsterdam? hi-fi We've just bought some new hi-fi **how many** How many passengers? equip.m.ent. how much How much does it cost? high This is a very high building. **how old** How old are your children? The prices are not very high, are they?

hungry No, I'm getting quite hungry now,

actually.

hurry I'm in a hurry.

Hurry up! It's getting late.

hurt Is this the tooth that hurts?

husband So we thought she could come over

with her husband.

I'll do the driving, I like driving.

ice Orange juice in a big glass with lots

of ice, please.

ice-cream I love that ice-cream called Magnum.

idea Oh, look! What a good idea.identity card The police wanted to see

The police wanted to see everybody's identity card.

if If you feel sick, don't go to school.

ill He's ill in bed.

illness During his last illness we only saw

him once or twice.

important It was important to find out

everything.

unimportant For my partner money is relatively

unimportant.

impossible It's so dark in here, it's almost

impossible to read.

in It's warm in here, shall I turn the

heating down?

Yes, you're right, well look, in a

minute we'll know.

Her son was in hospital.

You're sitting in the wrong place

there.

Cook some garlic in a little bit of

butter.

Actually, in the recipe it says cream

cheese.

It rained in the afternoon.

in front of The station is in front of you.

inch The car moved forward inch by inch.

information Have you got any written information

about these places?

inside Children! Go inside and eat now!

insurance You often get better treatment if you

have private health insurance.

interested We would be interested to hear

about your plans.

interested in I'm interested in this sauce. I want to

know if it's the same as a

Hollandaise.

interestingIt's such an interesting book!internationalIt's an international meeting.intoShe drove into the city centre.

Change your dollars into pounds at

the airport.

invite He invited us to his birthday party.

invitation Thanks a lot for the invitation to your

party.

iron It's made of iron.island It's a big island.

it We listen to it quite a lot.

And that's about it.

It's raining. It doesn't often rain here.

It's a long way to town.

It depends.
That's it.

J

jacket What colour's your jacket?

jam We had coffee, bread and jam for

breakfast.

jeansWhere can I get some good jeans?jobI think he's found the right job.juiceCan I have orange juice in a large

glass with lots of ice?

just Just go down this road as far as you

can, then turn left.

K

keep I'd love to keep this bottle.

key We lost our car key somewhere in

town.

kill Millions were killed in the Second

World War.

kilo(gram) I'd like a kilo of fresh strawberries.

kilometre We discovered that our hotel was 5

km out of town.

kind What kind of music does she like?

That was very kind of you.

king There aren't many European

countries that still have kings and

queens.

kiss I gave her a kiss.

kitchen Help yourselves to food and drinks in left, left I've left them at home in my shopping the kitchen. left knife Mike, help yourself to a knife and Turn left and on your right there's Notts Country's football ground. knives You go down here and take the third know You know Adam, don't you? Number two, the one on the left. And it's actually lovely to just be in the village, you know. leg She broke her leg a year ago. knew, known She always wanted to make them lend Can you lend me some money? herself, but she never really knew lent, lent how less Now I have less time than I used to. lesson We have two English lessons a week. let Let me drive for a while. lady 'A nice young lady came to see me,' Let's go and have a drink. he said. Let me know. lake Perhaps we could go for a walk letter So he wrote her a letter and around the lake on Sunday evening. explained that he was going to take a lamb There's beef, pork or lamb for lunch. trip with Carol. lamp She bought a new lamp for the The library opens from 10 a.m. to 4 library living-room. p.m. land In the end we landed safely. licence I need a TV licence for my Mum. language Welsh is my first language. He lost his driving licence for three There's a large map of Chorley here. large months. last What did you do last night? lie The paper was lying on the table. And then we just took the last train lie down Why don't you lie down? life Isn't life wonderful? Last time I saw it it was in perfect lift They had to lift me on the plane. condition. You can use the lift. When did you last see him? Can I give you a lift? The play lasted two hours. At the traffic lights at the top of the light last name And what's her last name? road you turn right. at last There you are at last! There are no lights in the village. late Yes, we were late as usual. Have you got a light, please? later Talk to you later! like She doesn't worry about anything latest He's got all the latest software. like that. laugh She laughed at me. Well she's like Aubrey was. law There's a law against it. I'll do the driving, I like driving. -in-law John's my son-in-law. Would you like another drink? lawyer We know a good lawyer. What's it like? learn How many languages did you learn Do you still listen to Scottish music? listen at school? little It's nice and quiet, you know, just a least We chose the least expensive little village with six hundred people. restaurant we could find. I've got very little time.

litre

at least There were at least 500 people.

on the train.

I have to wear leather shoes.

We'll just leave the car here and go

leather

leave

Handbook telc English A2

There's very little to do here.

Let's take the two litre bottle.

a little bit You melt a little bit of butter and

garlic, that's all.

| live | I live in Frankfurt. What about you? | magazine | I prefer magazines to newspapers. |
|---------------------|---|--------------|---|
| living | What do you do for a living? | main | And then you're in the main street. |
| living-room | They were sitting in the living-room, | | But the main thing is that |
| 3 | when suddenly the lamp fell down. | | You have to get off the main road. |
| local | It's only a local call. It doesn't cost | make | Her mum never makes cakes. |
| | much. | | I think you've made a mistake. |
| | What's their local time? | made of | It's made of wood. |
| lock | Lock the door so that no one can come in. | man | See the man with the hat over there? |
| long | How long ago was that? | men | There are too many men in politics. |
| | Well that's a long way then. | | We need more women! |
| | That shop closed a long time ago. | manager | She's the manager of our department. |
| | He didn't stay long. | many | I don't know how many – four or five, |
| long-distance | She made a long-distance call. | , | I think. |
| look | That looks very nice, put it on and let's have a look at you. | | There are so many lovely places round the area. |
| | Yes, you're right . Well, look, in a minute we'll know. | map | You're going to buy this map? It's £1.25, please. |
| look at | You see I'd never get her into a museum to look at art. | market | There's a market in the centre of town every Wednesday. |
| look forward to | I look forward to seeing you. | married | My sister's getting married next year. |
| look like | He looks like his father. | match | I was watching the football match on television last night. |
| lose | And now the company is losing 40,000 jobs. | maths | Is she good at maths? |
| lost, lost | , | material | What sort of material is it? |
| | we're at the station. | matter | What's the matter? |
| | We lost the game. | may | I may have time tomorrow afternoon, |
| - 1-4 | I've lost my keys. | | but I'm not sure. |
| a lot | That's a lot, isn't it? | | May I use your phone? |
| loud | This sauce has got a lot of garlic in it! Suddenly there was a loud noise. | me | Try to call me before four fifteen if you can. |
| love | I'd love to keep this bottle. I wish we | meal | It's difficult to find a reasonably |
| love | could keep it. | | priced meal. |
| | I love the country, I always have. | mean | What does this word mean? |
| low | Those chairs are too low for our | meant, meant | I meant this one, not that one! |
| | table. | meat | I don't eat as much meat as I used to. |
| lucky luggage | It made me realize how lucky we are. The only problem we've got then is | medical | You should take out medical insurance before you go. |
| 1499490 | carrying the luggage. | medicine | My daughter's studying medicine. |
| lunch | What about a nice traditional Sunday lunch in a pub? | meet | We could have a walk around the lake on Sunday evening and then |
| lunchtime | Would you like to go for a walk at | _ | meet some friends for a drink. |
| | lunchtime? | | You haven't met lan, have you? |
| | | meeting | There's a meeting at four. |
| 24 | | MA O DI LI | |
| M | 5 | menu | Could I have the menu, please? |
| M machine | But unfortunately our photocopying machine has broken down. | merry | Merry Christmas! |
| | But unfortunately our photocopying machine has broken down. Can I help you, madam? | | |

| metal | No, it's not plastic, it's metal. | | They've moved to London. |
|-------------------------|---|----------------|---|
| metre | It's about 200 metres from here. | Mr | Could I speak to Mr Tanaka, please? |
| middle | Let's get a seat in the middle. | Mrs | This is Mrs Haak's office. |
| midnight | She came home after midnight! | Ms | It's 'Ms', not 'Mrs'. |
| mile | Turn right and it's about half a mile down on the left-hand side. | much | I don't want too much rice, thank you. Alright. Thank you very much. |
| milk | Do you want milk in your tea? | | How much was it? |
| million | There are millions of them. | | He's much happier now. |
| mind | He probably won't mind anyway. | music | What kind of music does she like? |
| mine | Emma, a friend of mine, took these photographs. | must | There must be something interesting on TV tonight. |
| mineral water | Can I have mineral water, please? | had to, had to | I had to get used to it. |
| minute | I can type 80 words per minute. | mustn't | You mustn't touch that key. |
| | Can you come up here for a minute? | my | I could borrow my brother's car. |
| | I'm going home in a minute. | myself | Actually I've never visited these |
| miss | Do you miss the city? | - | places myself. |
| | I missed the bus. | | |
| | My bag is missing! | N | |
| mistake | They've just realised they've made a mistake. | name | That's right that's my name there and that's the number. |
| modern moment | It's a very modern building. And there's a Picasso exhibition on | first name | My first name originally came from Scotland. |
| | at the moment. | last name | Do you know her last name? |
| money | Have you got any money on you? | narrow | Some of the roads in Scotland are |
| month | We were in Sydney a month ago. | | very narrow. |
| more | That makes it more difficult. | national | We usually buy a national newspaper. |
| | I thought it would cost more than that. | nature | I saw an interesting nature programme on TV. |
| morning | If you got the earliest train in the | natural | It's quite natural. |
| | morning, you'd arrive by lunchtime. Do you think she'd like to go to | near | I was coming down Southport Road near the police station. |
| | church on Sunday morning? | nearest | Where's the nearest post office? |
| most | It's the most expensive hotel in town. | nearly | Are you nearly ready? |
| | Most people don't realise how easy it is to learn a foreign language. | necessary | That's okay, it's not necessary. |
| | I wonder which is the language with | unnecessary | That was quite unnecessary. |
| | the most words? | need | I need a new dress. |
| mother mother-in-law | Her mother lives just down the road. My mother-in-law makes this sort of | | I need to go to the railway station. Could you tell me the way? |
| mother-in-law | cake as well. | neighbour | What are your neighbours like? |
| motorbike | She goes to work on her motorbike. | never | I never drink milk. |
| motorway | There was a terrible accident on the motorway last night. | new | You just don't have the time with the new house and the garden. |
| mountain | We spent our holidays in the mountains last year. | news | Have you heard the news? Switch on the TV. It's time for the |
| mouth | Open your mouth, please. | | news. |
| move | It was so crowded you couldn't move. | newspaper | Can I have a look at your newspaper? |

| next | Yes, and the next thing we wanted to ask you is how to get to the Castle | number | He lives at house number two, the one on the left. |
|----------|--|-----------|--|
| | Museum. My birthday is next Friday. | | A number of people left before the end of the play. |
| next to | The post office is next to the bank. | | I've included her address, phone |
| nice | It was nice, wasn't it! | | number and e-mail address in case you need to contact her. |
| night | What did you do last night? | nurse | She's a nurse at the local hospital. |
| | Do they sleep all night without waking up? | | · |
| | But then you've got to add £50 | 0 | |
| | pounds a night for the hotel rooms. | o'clock | It's six o'clock. |
| | So on Friday night we'll have a drink at the Salutation, alright? | of | It is the Venice of the north of Europe. |
| | Good night. | | I'll give you a cup of coffee. |
| no | No, it's quite good. | | It closes from the first of August to |
| | Yes sure no problem at all. | | the twenty-second. |
| | No smoking. | of course | Could I borrow your pen? Yes, of course. |
| nobody | I went to the front door but nobody was there. | off | Turn the lights off when you go to bed. |
| no one | There's no one here at all! | offer | I offered to help. |
| nothing | What you doing? Nothing really. | oner | l'Il make you an offer. |
| nowhere | Where did you go last night? Nowhere. We stayed at home. | office | I'm not at the office at the moment |
| noise | What a terrible noise! | often | I don't go to the cinema very often. |
| noisy | It was so noisy I couldn't hear if | | How often do you use a computer? |
| lioisy | anyone said "come in". | oil | Does your car use much oil? |
| none | None of them are here. | OK / okay | OK, you go up this road and turn left |
| nor | I wouldn't do it. Nor would she. | | at the corner. |
| normal | Should I eat the vegetarian burger or | | Yeah, that's okay. |
| | the normal burger? | old | There were all sorts of buildings, you |
| normally | Jamie, normally, you put him in his bed and he's gone. | | know, little old cottages, How old were the children? |
| north | It is the Venice of the North of | on | Turn left and on your right there's |
| | Europe. | OII | Notts Country's football ground there. |
| | We live north-east of Paris. | | Their flat is on the fourth floor. |
| nose | See the man with the big nose? Well it's not a big country. | | Can I have cheese on it? |
| not | She's not so keen on pubs, actually | | You could find out what's on at the |
| | she doesn't drink. | | Theatre Royal. |
| | Go shopping together? Yeah, why not. | | The shops are closed on Sundays. |
| | | | She's on holiday at the moment. |
| note | Thanks for your help. Not at all. | | She's on her way to Amsterdam. |
| note | Do you have a £5 pound note? | once | She was here only once. |
| now | Are you ready now? | | Can you try it once more, please? |
| | Now, how are we going to carry all that? | at once | Can I do it month by month or do you have to pay for it all at once? |
| | | one | Well, do you want to have this one? |
| | | I | |

| | One day I will look for another job. | parents-in-law | I'll never forget the first time I met my |
|---------------------|--|----------------|---|
| only | He was only 18 when he wrote that. | | parents-in-law. |
| open | The shops usually open about eleven | park | I love the flowers in that park. |
| - | o'clock. | | There is a car park down the road. |
| opposite | The hotel is opposite the post office. What's the opposite of 'big'? | | It's very difficult to park in the city centre. |
| or | Did you get here by train or by car? | part | What part of London is that? |
| orange | Would you like some orange juice? | part-time | She works part-time. |
| order | The machine is out of order. | partner | Bring your partner along to the party. |
| other | This one or the other one? | party | We could have a party, couldn't we? |
| our | This is our son. | pass | I passed my driving test! |
| ours | Is that their car? No, it's ours. | | Can you pass the salt, please? |
| ourselves | We enjoyed ourselves very much. | passport | I need a new passport. |
| out | You go out of the entrance and turn | past | It's half past three. |
| | right up Southport Road. | | That's all in the past. |
| | Is this the way out? | pay | Do you have to pay for it all at once? |
| outside over | You can only smoke outside. On your left you'll see the bridge over | | Yes, and I could pay you back in cash. |
| | the river. | peace | He's done a lot for world peace. |
| | She wants to sit down over there. | pen | Can you lend me your pen? |
| | Our bedroom is over the living room. | pence (penny) | It cost sixty pence. |
| | I've got students from all over the | pencil | Do you want a pen or a pencil? |
| | world. There were over 200 people in the | people | It's a nice, quiet, little village – six hundred people. |
| | room. | pepper | Could I have the salt and pepper, please? |
| P | Mr. Pill | perhaps | Perhaps I will ask her to have lunch with me. |
| pack . | We still have to pack everything. | person | The flat will sleep up to eight |
| | Have you unpacked yet? | | persons. |
| packet | Can you bring me a packet of biscuits from the supermarket. | petrol | How far is it to the nearest petrol station? |
| page | On page 363, it says that it's difficult to find a reasonably priced meal in | gasoline | |
| main | Bruges. | phone | I'm going to book four cinema tickets on the phone. |
| pain paint | I've got a terrible pain in my leg. This picture was painted by Picasso. | | Thank you for phoning up to invite |
| painting | The museum has a lot of modern | photograph / | me. I definitely will be there. Well, I've got the camera, so we can |
| | paintings on show. | photo | take lots of photographs in the pub. |
| pair | I need a pair of black shoes. | picture | Can you take a picture of me? |
| paper | Do you need another piece of paper? | piece | Would you like one piece of toast or |
| parcel | Is that really made of paper? | | two? |
| μαι σε ι | Would you take this parcel to the post office for me? | nill | I need a clean piece of paper. Take two pills with a glass of water. |
| pardon | Pardon? What did you say? | pill | Take two pills with a glass of water. |
| parents | My parents were born in Russia. | pint | A pint of bitter, please. That's a pity. |
| | | | • • |
| | | place | Can you tell me how to get to this place? |

| | You're sitting in the wrong place. | prepare | I need to prepare for my test tomorrow. |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| | Have you got any written information about these places? | present | Did you get a Christmans present |
| plan | What are your plans for tomorrow? | nuosidont | from Terry? |
| | I'm planning to spend a few days in the Penzance area. | president | She's president of the company. The American President is on a visit |
| plane | What time's your plane tomorrow? | | to China. |
| plastic | I don't like plastic cups. | press | And then you press the button. |
| plate | Can I have a different plate for the cheese? | price prime minister | It's the same price for the two of us. Who's the prime minister of India? |
| platform | The train to Manchester leaves from | private | You can't go in there – it's private! |
| | platform 5. | probably | You're probably right. |
| play | Let's play cards! | problem | It is a bit of a problem. |
| player | Bobby Charlton was a great player. | | Sure. No problem. |
| pleasant | The colours are pleasant, aren't they? | | The problem is I've forgotten my wallet. |
| please pleased | Yes, please! Pleased to meet you. | programme | Let's get a programme from the Concert Hall. |
| | Are you pleased with your new flat? | promise | I promised to finish it by Monday. |
| p.m. | Lunch is at 1 p.m. | pronounce | How do you pronounce your name? |
| pocket | This coat hasn't got enough pockets. | property | Have you checked at the lost property office? |
| police policeman | The police station is over there. | pub | What about a nice traditional Sunday lunch in a pub? |
| policewoman | | public | We had to take a taxi because there |
| polite | The shop assistant was very polite. | P | was no public transport. |
| impolite | Is it impolite to eat just with a fork? | pull | Look at the sign. You have to pull the |
| political | What's your opinion of the main political parties? | pullover | door, not push it! What a lovely pullover! |
| poor | The people here are very poor. | purse | I put my tickets in my purse. |
| pork | Sweet and sour pork is my favorite. | push | Look at the sign. You have to pull the |
| port | The boat couldn't enter the port | | door, not push it! |
| | because of the bad weather. | | Please stop pushing! |
| possible | Would it be possible to change my ticket? | put | Just put new batteries in the camera and it will work again. |
| impossible | It's almost impossible to learn a language if you don't practise | put back | Did you put the book back on the shelf? |
| post | everyday. Can you send it by post today, please? | put on | That looks very nice, put it on and let's have a look at you. |
| postcard | I think I'll send this postcard to Ann. | | |
| • | Where's the nearest post office? | Q | |
| postman | where's the hearest post office: | quality | This coat is very expensive, but it's |
| postwoman | | | also very high quality. |
| potato | How many potatoes do you want? | quarter | That takes about a quarter of an hour, twenty minutes. |
| pound | It's 49 pounds per ticket. | | It's about three quarters of a mile to |
| practice | I'm out of practice. | | my house. |
| p | 54. 5. p. 45.1001 | | |

prefer I prefer coffee to tea.

| | It's a quarter past ten. | regards (pl.) | Give him my best regards. |
|-------------------|---|-----------------|--|
| queen | This is the balcony the king and the | | With kind regards, |
| | queen always stand on. | remember | Oh, do you remember Helen? |
| question queue | Could I ask you a question? We had to stand in a queue for hours | | Well, I'll always remember that holiday in Spain. |
| | to get tickets for the theatre. | rent | You can rent a car at the garage at |
| quick | Quick! Before they are gone! | | the top of the street. |
| quickly | Thanks for phoning back so quickly. | | How much rent do you have to pay? |
| quiet | It's a nice, quiet, little village, you know, six hundred people. | repair | Can you repair this for me, please? |
| quite | It's quite cheap actually. | repeat | Could you repeat that, please? |
| 1 | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | rest | I'm tired. I want to rest for a little while. |
| R | | | What shall we do the rest of the day? |
| radio railway | Did you hear the news on the radio? Do you know the way to the railway | restaurant | So we're thinking about all going down to the Chinese restaurant at |
| • | station, please? | | about twelve. |
| rain | It rained all afternoon. | return | Yeah, it's £49 return each. |
| raincoat | Why don't you put on your raincoat? | right | I think he's ended up in the right job. |
| rather | It's rather cold this morning, isn't? | | You're probably right. |
| | I'd rather go to the theatre. | | It's the third street on the right. |
| reach | We reached Manchester at 10 o'clock. | ring | He isn't in at the moment. Could you ring back later? |
| read | I love to read books. | rang, rung | Tom just rang up. Please call him back. |
| ready | Be ready at ten and I'll come and pick you up. | river | How deep is the river here? |
| | Are you ready to order? | road | At the traffic lights at the top of the road you turn right. |
| | Lunch will ready by about 12.20. | roll | We got rolls with jam and honey for |
| really | I don't really know you could try perhaps Pickfords in Littlewoods, | room | breakfast. I'd like a room with a shower. |
| | and Covent Garden's really nice. Have you ever been there? | | There's not enough room in my office. |
| | Do you miss the city? Not really. | round | He turned round when he heard his |
| | Then you add a lot of double cream. Really? | | name. |
| reason | And the only reason they get better | run | Run as fast as you can! |
| | education is because there are more teachers. | ran, run | The dog ran to the door. |
| receipt | Can I have a receipt, please? | S | |
| reception | There's a message for you at reception. | sad | I was quite sad to hear that your mother is seriously ill. |
| receptionist | In previous summer holidays I have | safe | Is it safe here? |
| | worked as a receptionist in hotels in France and Germany. | | In the end we landed safely. |
| recommend | The Pondview was recommended as a 3-star hotel. | salad salary | What kind of salad would you like? I'm still on the same salary as I was |
| red | Because of all the accidents the | a a lt | five years ago. |
| | police have put up a red sign saying 'Danger'. | salt | Would you pass the salt, please? |
| | Daily 51 . | same | Are you thinking of going back on the same train as me then? |

sandwich I wasn't very hungry, so I just had a My car needs a service every 10,000 sandwich at lunchtime. satisfied I'm not very satisfied with his work. **self-service** Is this a self-service restaurant? shall saucer We need one more cup and saucer. It's warm in here. Shall I turn the heating down? sausage How many sausages would you like? Where shall we go for a meal? We have to save a lot of money if we save want to visit our friends in Australia. shave Do you shave every day? sav How do you say that in English? shaver He bought an electric shaver. My daughter is in school. I was speaking to Betty and she told school she me the news. sea Are you near the sea where you are shirt I need a clean shirt. living now? seaside We spent the weekend at the shock His death was a shock to us all. seaside. shocked And of course the police officer The Eurostar's usually quite full so it came and I was a bit shocked. seat would be best to book a seat. shoe Take your shoes off please, before second Can I have a second class ticket you come into the house. please? I bought it at a little shop in the city. shop The phone rang just a few seconds **shop assistant** Ask the shop assistant to help you. I need to do a bit of shopping before shopping I can never find a thing when my secretary I go home. secretary's on holiday. shopping bag I've left my purse at home in my You'll see the station in front of you. see shopping bag. I wasn't going very fast, you see. short I saw him a short time ago. Anyway, she went to see him one These trousers are too short for me. day. shorts I prefer to wear shorts in summer. ..., if you see what I mean? should That's what we should do. Oh, I see. There was a good show on TV last show See you later. seem It wasn't as difficult as it first I had to show my passport at the border. She seems happy, doesn't she? shower I took a shower when I got home. self I'll do it myself. There may be some showers in the They didn't believe me until they had selves afternoon. seen it themselves. shut Shut the door, please. self-service Is this a self-service restaurant? sick I felt seasick coming across on the sell Is there a shop round here that sells foreign newspapers? side Turn right and the post office is about half a mile down on the sold, sold I sold some of my clothes at the second hand store. left-hand side send I think they'll send you a form. sights We went to Rome last year to see the sights. sent, sent I sent it back yesterday. sightseeing If you go to Paris you should start serious He had a serious accident a few with a sightseeing tour. years ago. sign Why can't the traffic signs be the service British Rail run services to same in all countries? Amsterdam from Liverpool Street and Victoria stations. There were no signs to show me the

way.

Would you please sign here?

The service is very good here.

since I haven't seen him since Monday.

We haven't been there since I was a

boy.

sincerely Yours sincerely, ...

Jenny used to sing with a pop group. sing

> sang, sung Everyone sang "Happy Birthday". **singer** I'd love to be a professional singer.

single Have you got a single room with a

shower?

A single to Glasgow, please.

There are more and more single

parents today.

Excuse me, Sir ... sir

sister Have you heard of the Brontë

sisters?

sister-in-law We're going to spend our next

holidays at my sister-in-law's.

sit I'll go and sit in a café.

I'm afraid you're sitting in the wrong

place there.

sat, sat I sat in the front row.

situation The situation seems to be getting

worse.

size What size shoes do you take?

It's the same size as my old car.

skiing Do you do a lot of skiing? I've got very sensitive skin. skin skirt She bought a new skirt for the

wedding.

sky There was a clear sky last night. Do the children sleep all night sleep

without waking up?

slept, slept Jan slept for over ten hours!

slim You're looking a lot slimmer these

slow Because of the traffic it was a very

slow journey.

slowly Could you please speak a little more

slowly?

small It's quite a big change when you go

to live in these small country places.

small change Have you got any small change?

smell Mmm ... I can smell garlic.

smelt, smelt I can tell you, it smelt delicious!

smoke Please don't smoke in this part of the

restaurant. It's a no-smoking area.

There was a lot of smoke from the

factories.

smoker There were so many smokers in the

room, I had to go out and get some

fresh air.

non-smoker I wish there were more restaurants

for non-smokers.

snack I try to avoid having snacks between

meals.

snack bar Is there a good snack bar round

here?

snow There hasn't been much snow this

year.

So I think it's okay as long as one is SO

careful, very careful.

I don't think so.

So much depends on what you find

I didn't come in because it was so

noisv.

It was so cold that we couldn't go

out.

I think we should have a break.

So do I. I told you so.

soap There was no soap in the bathroom.

social We still have to solve a large number

of social problems.

sock My grandmother always sends me

socks for Christmas!

soft The bed was so soft, I couldn't sleep

very well.

software I need a lot of software for my

computer.

Perhaps you could arrange to meet some

some of your friends.

You have to cook some garlic in a

little bit of butter.

somebody Somebody sent for an ambulance. somehow I'll get to the airport somehow.

someone Is there someone here who could

help me?

something Yes, well, Jen could go and look at

something more interesting while you

go to the pub.

She can have a diet coke or

something.

There's something else I wanted to

ask you.

sometimes Sometimes you don't have time to

unpack all your luggage when you

arrive.

| somewhere | Yeah, I'll go and sit in a café, | start | What time do you start work in the | |
|---------------|--|---------------|---|--|
| | somewhere down the road. | | morning? | |
| son | Her son was taken to hospital. | | Look, it's starting to rain. | |
| son-in-law | What does your son-in-law do for a living? | | He suddenly started shouting. | |
| song | I heard a lovely song on the radio this morning. | | I'm having a birthday party next Friday starting at about 8. | |
| coon | ŭ | state | The state should pay for it. | |
| soon | See you soon! Let me know as soon as you're ready. | | The kitchen's in a terrible state. | |
| | Sooner or later we'll find a cheaper | station | Do you know the way to the railway station? | |
| | flat. | | The accident happened in front of | |
| sore | I've got a sore throat. | | the police station. | |
| sorry | I'm sorry, I can't come this evening. | | Excuse me, is there a petrol station near here? | |
| | Sorry, but I think you're wrong. | stay | Are you staying with friends? | |
| sort | Aubrey was the sort of person who would help anybody in trouble. | , | I want to stay a little longer. | |
| | What sort of cheese would you like? | steak | How would you like your steak? | |
| soup | We started the meal with chicken | steal | | |
| | soup. | stole, stolen | My wallet was stolen. | |
| south | Our village is just south of Nottingham. | still | Do you still listen to Scottish music? | |
| | We always spend our holidays in the South of France. | stocking | She had to buy a new pair of stockings. | |
| spare | I wish I had more spare time. | stomach | My brother suffers from stomach problems. | |
| speak | How many languages do you speak? | stomachache | She says she has a stomachache | |
| spoke, spoken | Have you spoken to the manager | | and doesn't want to go to school. | |
| | about it? | stop | I waited for him at the bus stop. | |
| special | It was a special offer. | | Luckily a passing motorist stopped | |
| | There was no special reason for going there. | | and offered to help. | |
| spell | How do you spell Loescher, is it | | I tried to stop him from driving home from the pub. | |
| | L-O-E-S-C-H-E-R? | store | There's a new department store in | |
| spelt, spelt | I spelt my name but he still wrote it | | the centre of town. | |
| spend | wrong. It might be nice to spend a couple of | storm | We drove through a terrible storm on our way home last night. | |
| | hours in London. | stormy | It was a very stormy night. | |
| spent, spent | Yes, but last time I spent all my money there. | story | He told us the story about his uncle. | |
| spoon | Waiter, could you bring me a clean spoon? | straight | Go straight down this road and turn right at the lights. | |
| sport | Do you do much sport? | | I'll do it straight away. | |
| stairs | He's just gone up the stairs. | strange | No, it was a strange sort of feeling walking into that place. | |
| upstairs | The bathroom's upstairs. | stranger | Sorry I can't help you, I'm a stranger | |
| downstairs | This house has a downstairs toilet. | | here myself. | |
| stamp | Can I have a second class stamp, please? | street | Have you got a street map of Chorley? | |
| stand | He was standing outside the pub. | strike | We couldn't get home last night | |
| stood, stood | I stood at the station waiting for him. | | because of the rail strike. | |

strona I need a couple of strong guys to It takes about quarter of an hour, help me carry this furniture. twenty minutes. student How many students were there on Why don't you take your umbrella the course? with you? stuff Old chairs and tables and that kind of I'm afraid she's not here at the stuff. moment. Can I take a message? stupid That's a stupid idea. Take your time, there's no hurry. such I'm quite fond of foreign food, such We had to take a taxi. as curries and stuff like that. How often do you have to take these suddenly Suddenly there was a loud noise. pills? How many photos did you take at the sugar Pass the sugar, would you? wedding? suggest I suggest we have a meal at the When are you taking your driving Chinese restaurant. test? suit That's a nice suit you're wearing. He told her that he was planning to That dress suits you. take a trip. Tuesday would suit me fine. took, taken I took my daughter to the dentist for suitcase My suitcase got lost somewhere the first time when she was four between London and Chicago. years old. We went south this year to enjoy a sun **take off** Take off your shoes before you go holiday in the sun. into the house. sunny Christmas Day was quite sunny. talk We were just talking about the neighbors. supermarket I bought it at our local supermarket. Maybe some Friday evening you So I have to talk to Hamish. supper might be free to come out for supper, tall He's very tall. right? taste This tastes good. What is it? sure Yes ... sure ... no problem at all. tax Are taxes high in your country? I'm not sure I want to see it. We had to take a taxi because there taxi surname I'm sorry, can you spell your surname was no public transport to our hotel. for me? tea Can I offer you a cup of tea? surprise It was a nice surprise to meet them teach It's not easy to teach your children again. right from wrong. sweet That cake is to sweet for me. taught, taught Who taught you to swim? swim What if we want to go for a swim? **teacher** What do you think of our new I'm afraid I can't swim. teacher? Do you want to go swimming this team Did your team win last Saturday? afternoon? telephone Is there a public telephone near **swimming pool** Is there a swimming pool near here? here? swimsuit If we go to the South of France I'll **phone** I'll phone you tomorrow. have to buy a new swimsuit. television What's on television tonight? **TV** We've just bought a new TV. tell Can you tell me how to get to this table Good evening, I've booked a table for place? four. The name's Brown. Can you tell me the time? take Which course are you taking? He can tell really good jokes.

Are you taking the later train?

into Chorley.

If you take that road, that takes you

It's a secret, I'm not going to tell you.

So can you tell us how old your friend

is?

told, told I told him to phone back later. The best thing to do is to ask again when you get into the centre of town. temperature I don't feel good. I think I've got a temperature. think I think they live on the top floor. What's the temperature today? I don't think so. terrible The weather is terrible, always cold She likes all kinds of music, I think. and rainy. Do you think she'd like to go to test I passed my driving test last week. church on Sunday morning? Congratulations! What do you think of our new than I thought it would cost more than teacher? thought, thought I thought Delft was miles from thank Alright, thank you very much. Amsterdam. Thank you. Here's your receipt. thirsty Are you thirsty? Would you like some water? No thanks. this Oh, this is beautiful! Thanks a lot. Is this the smallest you've got? Many thanks for your help. those Your new jacket goes well with those that That's the young lady that came to trousers. see me. throat I've got a sore throat. What's that? through I went through the door into the That's right. garden. I remember that journey. thunder Suddenly there was the sound of We took a taxi so that we would get thunder. to the airport in time. thunderstorm Did you hear the thunderstorm last the Could you just tell us the way to the night? station, please? ticket I'm going to book four cinema tickets theatre This is the oldest theatre in town. on the phone and they need a credit their card number. Their daughter's in Australia. ticket office The ticket office is closed. theirs We'll take our car, and they can take tights She had to buy a new pair of tights. them The children like them very much. till Let's wait till he comes tomorrow. themselves They didn't believe me until they had time What's the time? seen it themselves. What time did she go to sleep? then Do your homework first. Then you I'm sorry, I don't have time to help can play outside. there There you are. He was in hospital for a long time. Your toast is there, Mum. She's coming to England for about How could we get there? the fourth time. Do you want me to come down Was that the first time? there? He does that all the time. There's something else I wanted to Have a good time! ask you. Our lessons never start on time. these Actually I've never visited these places myself. I'll have to come again another time. How much do these cost? I shall never forget the time we had a big party in our flat. they Ask Ben and Jerry. They always have good ideas. That was a long time ago.

timetable

tip

Have you got a copy of the bus

Did you give the waiter a tip?

timetable?

Is your father ill? He's got very thin.

What's this thing called in English?

thin

thing

| tired | Why don't you go to bed if you're so tired? | | How did you get here? By tram? | | |
|----------------|---|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| to | How do I get to Kensington Road? | translate | I was wondering, could you translate this letter into French for me? | | |
| | I gave it to Bob. Explain it to me now, please. | travel | What's the best way to travel from London to Edinburgh? | | |
| | What's the time? It's about a quarter to seven. | traveller's cheque | · · | | |
| toast | One piece of toast or two? | tree | Our house is quite dark because of the trees in our neighbour's garden. | | |
| today | What are you doing today? | trip | Have a good trip! | | |
| together | We went on holiday together. | trouble | What's the trouble? | | |
| toilet | Where are the toilets? | tiouble | The trouble is that he's lazy. | | |
| tomato | Do you like tomato soup? | †********* | ř | | |
| tomorrow | Maybe we'll go there tomorrow. | trousers | I need a new pair of trousers. | | |
| tonight | What are you doing tonight? | | These trousers don't go with the jacket. | | |
| | I hope I can sleep well tonight. | true | It's a true story. | | |
| too | I can speak Spanish, too. The car's too expensive, we're going | try | I tried to call you yesterday, but you were out. | | |
| | to sell it next month. | try on | Can I try on this dress? | | |
| tooth | My tooth is hurting. | turn | • | | |
| | Healthy teeth are important. | turn | It's my turn now. | | |
| toothache | I've got a terrible toothache. | | At the traffic lights you turn right. | | |
| top | The suitcase is on top of the | | Turn the TV and the lights off when you go to bed. | | |
| | cupboard. | | Could you turn the heating up, I feel | | |
| | They were living on the top floor. | | cold. | | |
| tour | How much are the sightseeing tours? | TV | I saw an excellent film on TV last night. | | |
| tourist | We went to the tourist information office to find a suitable hotel. | type | What type of cheese do you want? | | |
| towel | I had to ask reception to bring clean towels. | tyre | How fast can you type? I need to buy some new tyres for my | | |
| town | Cambridge itself is not a very big town. | ., | car. | | |
| | I got myself a new coat when I was in town today. | U | | | |
| | If I were you I wouldn't drive into town, I'd take the bus. | umbrella | I'll take an umbrella with me in case it rains. | | |
| | We're eight miles outside of town. | uncle | We're going to visit my uncle in Spain next week. | | |
| town hall | Just go up the hill till you come to the Town Hall right in the centre of town. | under | It's under the table. | | |
| traffic | There's a lot of traffic on the road today. | underground | Children under twelve travel free. Most big cities now have an | | |
| traffic lights | When you get to the traffic lights you | | underground railway system. | | |
| | turn right again. | understand | I'm sorry, I don't understand. | | |
| train | What time does the train to Brussels leave? | unemployed | He's been unemployed for the last six months. | | |
| | Are you going by train? | unfortunately | Unfortunately our photocopying | | |
| | He's training to be a lawyer. | | machine has broken down. | | |
| training | My company has sent me on a new training course. | unfriendly | The man I spoke to was very unfriendly. | | |

waiter unhealthy Many people lead unhealthy lives The service was excellent and we these days. left the waiter a tip. unversity She studied engineering at university. was very friendly. unlucky Many people think thirteen is an unlucky number. Do the children sleep all night wake up without waking up? until I'm staying until tomorrow. woke, woken The alarm clock woke me up. You go down this road until you get to the pub. walk OK, you go up this road to the top of up the hill. I was quite upset when I heard the upset we went for a walk. terrible news. upstairs The toilet's upstairs. wall urgent I have an urgent message for Mr around their garden. Thomas. wallet us Could you lend us the car for the it could be. weekend? want Can I use your dictionary? LISE war **useful** Let me give you some useful advice. last war. **useless** This software is completely useless. warm used I'm not used to this kind of work. heating down? I used to smoke 50 cigarettes a day. used to warning Now I'm a non-smoker. was, were [cf. "be"] usually Well, this is what we usually do. wash washing When do you do your washing? vacation Many Americans only have two washing up weeks vacation a year. We spent our last holiday in the valley washing Rhone Valley. machine broken down. All our prices include VAT. VAT watch Let's watch a good film tonight. vegetable Would you prefer vegetables or a What's the time? My watch has salad, madam? stopped. The dress was very expensive. very water We had a beautiful room with a view way wonderful view of the coast. station, please? village It's nice and quiet, you know, just a little village with about six hundred I like the way you do your hair. people. By the way, have you made any visit Aunt Hilli is coming to visit us tomorrow. year?

we

visitor Does it get crowded in the summer with all the visitors?

vote How did you vote in the last election?

W

wait They stopped and waited for us. waitress The breakfast waitress at the hotel You turn right at the traffic lights and then you walk for about two hundred Christmas Day was quite sunny, so **walking** We often go walking at the weekend. Our neighbours have built a high wall I've lost my wallet. I've no idea where Well, do you want to have this one? Millions of people were killed in the It's warm in here. Shall I turn the There was a warning sign on the wall. If you want to wash your hands, the bathroom's at the end of the hall. Can you help me with the washing I'm afraid our washing machine has Can I have mineral water, please? Could you just tell us the way to the Oh, it's a long way. Hope you feel fit. arrangements for your holidays this He spoke to me in a very friendly

Christmas Day was quite sunny so

Yes, we haven't got any outdoor swimming-pools. We don't seem to

we went for a walk.

have the weather here.

| weather | What beautiful weather! | | Will you sign here, please? | | |
|-----------|---|-----------|--|--|--|
| week | See you next week! | | When you see the museum, the hotel | | |
| weekday | On weekdays it's not allowed to park on this road. | | will be on your right-hand side. He probably won't mind anyway. | | |
| weekend | Weekend train tickets are usually a | | The car won't start. | | |
| Weekend | little cheaper. | win | It's hard to win at this game. | | |
| welcome | Welcome to Wales! Welcome home! | won, won | I won £5 playing cards last night. | | |
| well | I'm very well, thank you. | wind | There was a stong wind last night. | | |
| | Well, do you want to have this one? | windy | We had quite a few windy days while | | |
| well done | Well done, good job! | , | we were in France. | | |
| wet | I forgot my umbrella and got very | window | Just put it by the window. | | |
| | wet. | wine | Would you prefer white or red wine? | | |
| west | The sun goes down in the west. | winter | We often visit our friends in Austria | | |
| what | What did you do last night? | | in the winter. | | |
| | What time did she go to sleep? | wish | With best wishes, | | |
| | Yes, that's what I'm doing | | I wish I could help you. | | |
| | What kind of music does she like? | with | How much money have you got with you? | | |
| | What about a nice traditional Sunday lunch in a pub? | | I'm not sure I'd fly with that airline | | |
| | What a good idea! | | again. | | |
| | What colour is it? | | I'll have a normal burger with mushrooms. | | |
| when | When do we arrive? | | We stayed with friends. | | |
| | When you get to the traffic lights you turn right again. | | What's the matter with you? | | |
| where | Where are you going, David? | | It's very difficult to work with all the | | |
| | Where do you live? | without | noise. A room with or without a bath? | | |
| | Where are you from? | without | He went to the South of France with | | |
| | Stay where you are, please. | woman | Amy, a very nice woman. | | |
| which | Which book do you want? | women | There should be more women in top | | |
| while | She could go and look at something more interesting while you go to the | | positions. | | |
| | museum. | wonderful | It looks wonderful, doesn't it? | | |
| white | I'd like a glass of white wine, please. | wood | All the furniture in our house is made of wood. | | |
| who | Who told you that? | | After lunch we decided to go for a | | |
| | Who did you visit? | _ | walk in the woods. | | |
| | Who did you give it to? | wool | Is this pullover made of wool? | | |
| | He wrote a letter to Diane, who was in Europe. | word | What's the English word for? in other words | | |
| whose | Whose book is this? | | I can type 80 words per minute. | | |
| why | Why don't you just come up here for | work | Do you like this kind of work? | | |
| | a minute? | | So, how's work? | | |
| | Why do you say that? | | My brother's been out of work for | | |
| wide | I drove slowly on until we reached a slightly wider part of the road. | | nearly a year now. | | |
| wife | I don't think you've met my wife, have | | He works for Lloyds's. | | |
| | you? | | Do you remember Betty Loo, she used to work at Wanchai. | | |
| will | He'll be happy to hear that. | | assa to work at warrenar. | | |

I have had experience working with several computer programmes.

worker You're a fast worker!

world He thinks he's the best driver in the

world.

worry Oh Mum doesn't worry about

anything like that.

Don't worry, we'll solve the problem.

worse - worst [cf. bad]

would Would you wait here, please?

Would you like another drink?

I thought it would cost more than

that.

write down Could you write the address down for

me, please?

wrong Excuse me. You're going the wrong

way.

I'm afraid you're wrong.

There's nothing wrong with your car.

Y

yard And then you walk for about two

hundred yards.

year We will go there again next year.

My youngest daughter is about five

years old.

yellow It's dangerous to pass the traffic

lights while they are yellow.

yes Yes, certainly.

Yes please.

yesterday I saw him yesterday. yet They haven't arrived yet.

Have you finished your work yet?

you Do you still listen to Scottish music?

You can't smoke in here.

young She's still a young girl. She's too

young to go out alone.

your Is this your suitcase?

yours Is it yours?

Yours sincerely, ...

yourself Mike, help yourself to a knife and

fork.

Can you do it yourself?

yourselves I hope you enjoy yourselves.

Z

zero



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| telc l | Italiano A2 | | | A2 | telc Русский язык А2 |
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